VISUAL DESIGN & STORYTELLING

Petra Isenberg



APPLICATIONS OF VISUALIZATIONS

ANALYSIS **EXPLORATORY**

PRESENTATION EXPLANATORY

A FEW MISTAKES THAT WE ALL MAKE

- Making meaningful comparisons
- Inferring trends and differences from noise
- Assumptions about the meaning of correlations
- Claims of "significance"

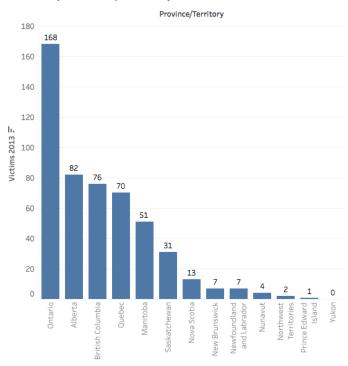
MAKING MEANINGFUL COMPARISONS

- Normalized vs. Non-normalized Counts
- Murders / Capita
- Failing grades / 100 Students
- Etc.

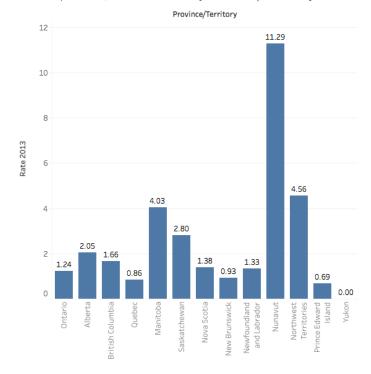
- Counts vs. Distinct Counts
- # visits vs. # of customers

WHAT IS THE MOST DANGEROUS PROVINCE?

Victims by Province/Territory 2013



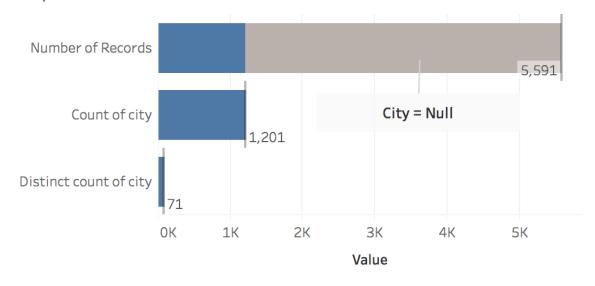
Victims per 100,000 residents by Province/Territory 2013



COUNT VS COUNT DISTINCT

- Number of Records =
- How many individual rows are there?
- Count =
- How many rows have a value for this column?
- Count Distinct =
- How many distinct values are there in this column?

Yelp - Businesses near Montreal



A FEW MISTAKES THAT WE ALL MAKE

- Making meaningful comparisons
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WE ALMOST ALWAYS KNOW LESS THAN WE THINK WE DO

(Even after we've looked at the data.)

LOOKING FOR PATTERNS IN STATIC

Almost all data has noise, errors, and variability.

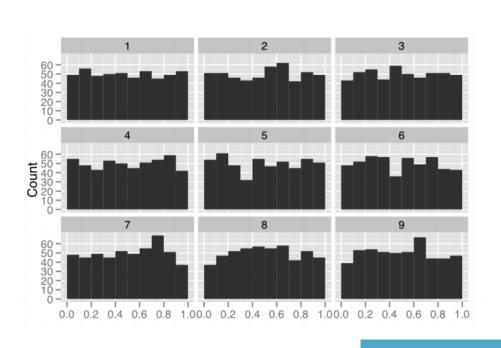
We are great at seeing patterns — even when we shouldn't.

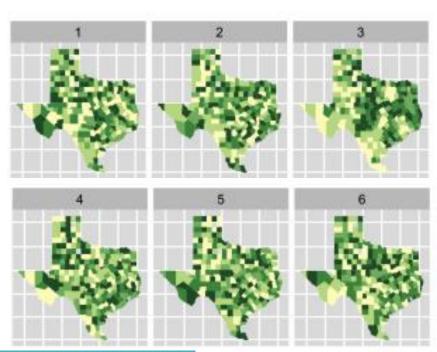


IT'S VERY EASY TO TELL STORIES AROUND DATA

...but it's harder to show that those stories are robust!

RANDOM DATA VS REAL DATA





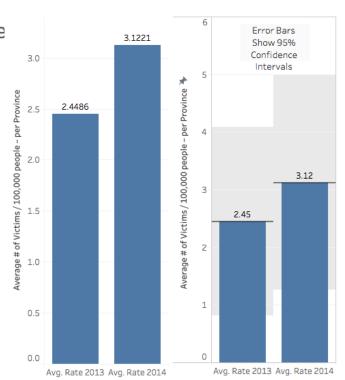
Wickham et al. 2010

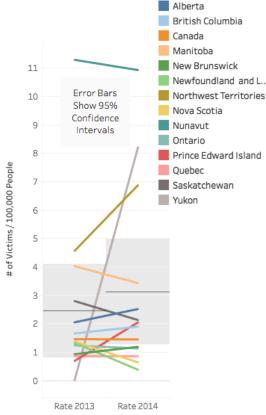
A "RORSCHACH" PROTOCOL

IGNORING EFFECT SIZE AND VARIABILITY

Victims by Province Territory Table

Province/Territory	Rate 2013	Rate 2014
Alberta	2.05	2.52
British Columbia	1.66	1.90
Manitoba	4.03	3.43
New Brunswick	0.93	1.19
Newfoundland and Labra	1.33	0.38
Northwest Territories	4.56	6.88
Nova Scotia	1.38	0.64
Nunavut	11.29	10.93
Ontario	1.24	1.13
Prince Edward Island	0.69	2.05
Quebec	0.86	0.86
Saskatchewan	2.80	2.13
Yukon	0.00	8.22





A FEW MISTAKES THAT WE ALL MAKE

- Making meaningful comparisons
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- Assumptions about the meaning of correlations
- Claims of "significance"

CORRELATIONS

Is there really a correlation?

How strong is it?

Is it corroborated by other data?

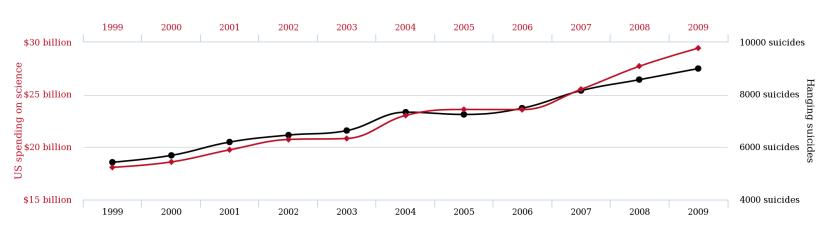
• Does it **make sense**?

EVEN STRONG CORRELATIONS MIGHT NOT MEAN ANYTHING!

US spending on science, space, and technology

correlates with

Suicides by hanging, strangulation and suffocation

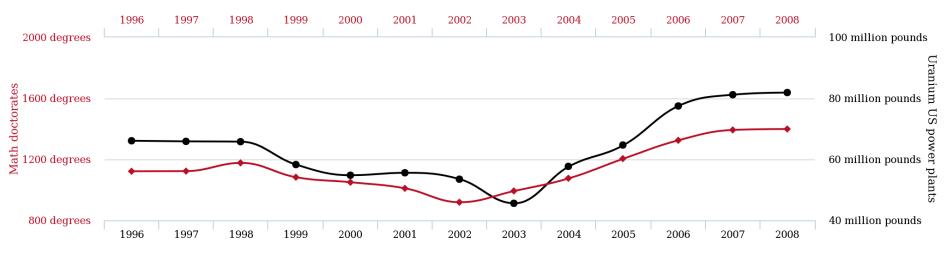


→ Hanging suicides → US spending on science

Math doctorates awarded

correlates with

Uranium stored at US nuclear power plants



◆ Uranium US power plant → Math doctorates

tylervigen.com

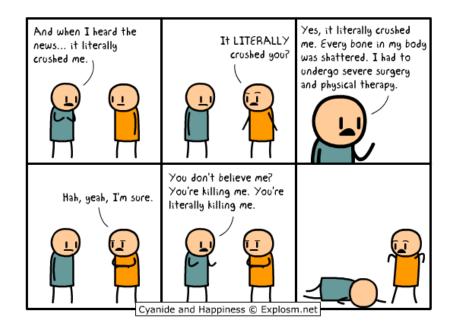
TRY THIS!

http://tylervigen.com/view_correlation

A FEW MISTAKES THAT WE ALL MAKE

- Making meaningful comparisons
- Inferring trends and differences from noise
- Assumptions about the meaning of correlations
- Claims of "significance"

THE "LITERALLY" OF DATA ANALYSIS



"SIGNIFICANTLY...

DIFFERENT HIGHER/LOWER BIGGER/SMALLER MORF/IFSS MORE IMPORTANT FTC...

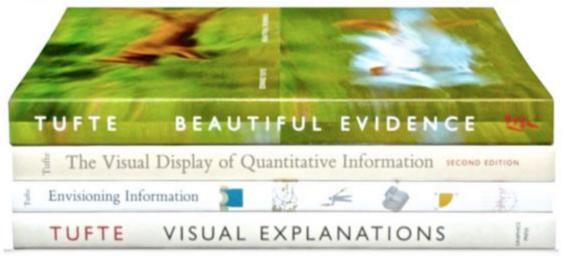
NEVER SAY THIS ...
UNLESS YOU'RE SURE THAT YOU
HAVE PERFORMED THE CORRECT
STATISTICAL SIGNIFICANCE TEST
AND CAN REPORT P-VALUES, EFFECT
SIZES, ETC.

COMMUNICATING ASSUMPTIONS AND LIMITATIONS

A good analysis must avoid overstating claims, and be honest about what you don't or can't know!

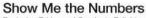


Edward Tufte





Stephen Few



Designing Tables and Graphs to Enlighten



Stephen Few

Copyrighted Mate

fatorial and the second second

Information Dashboard Design

Displaying data for at-a-glance monitoring

Stephen Few

GRAPHICAL INTEGRITY

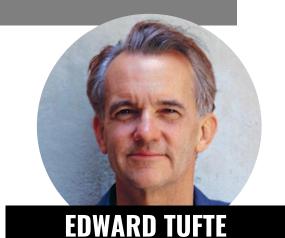
- Well-designed presentation of interesting data
 - Substance, statistics, and design
- Complex ideas communicated with clarity, precision and efficiency
- Gives the viewer greatest number of ideas in the shortest amount of time, with the least ink and smallest space
- Nearly always multivariate
- Requires telling the truth



Edward Tufte

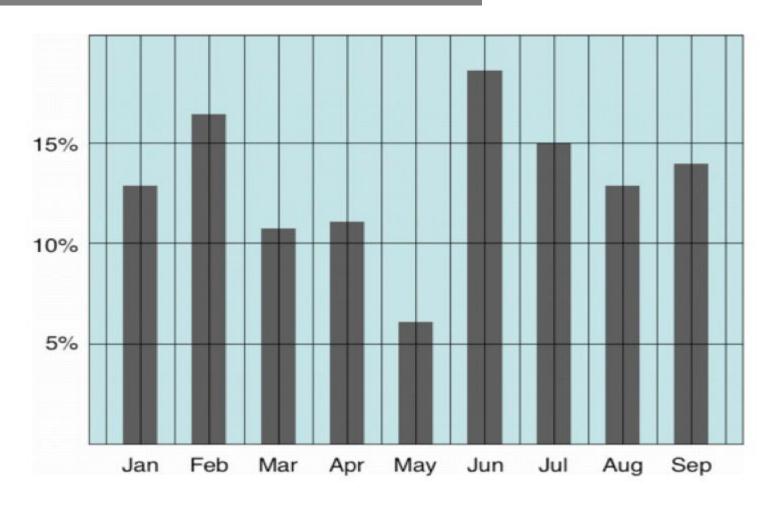
TUFTE'S INTEGRITY PRINCIPLES

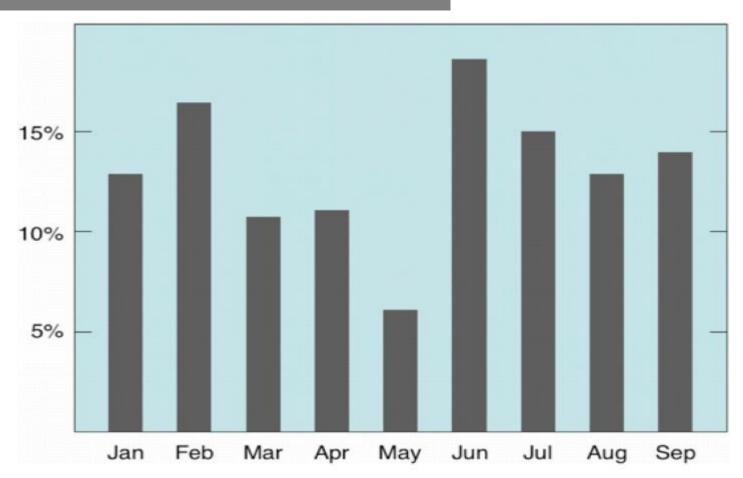
- MAXIMIZE THE DATA-INK RATIO
- AVOID CHART JUNK (SOMETIMES)
- LAYER INFORMATION
- MAXIMIZE THE DATA DENSITY
 - SHRINK THE GRAPHICS
 - MAXIMIZE THE AMOUNT OF DATA SHOWN (SOMETIMES)

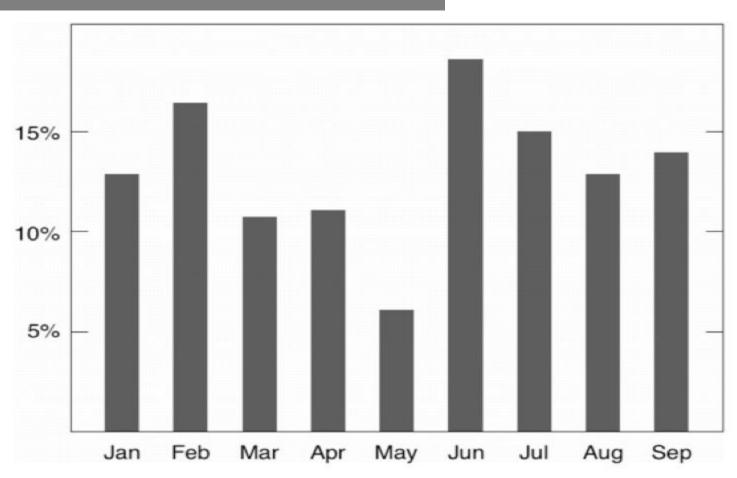


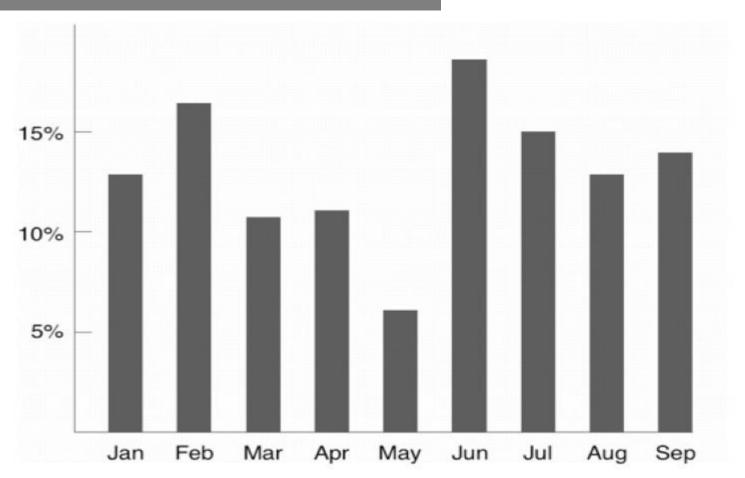
MAXIMIZE THE RATIO OF

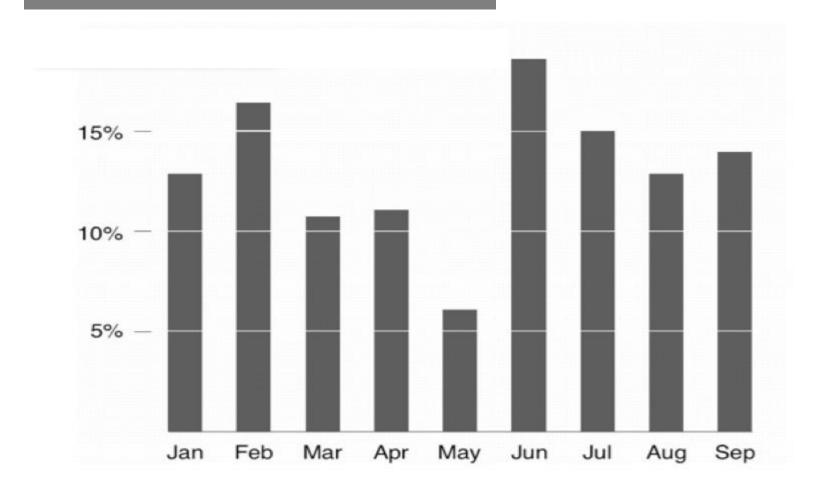
(INK USED TO SHOW DATA) (TOTAL INK USED)

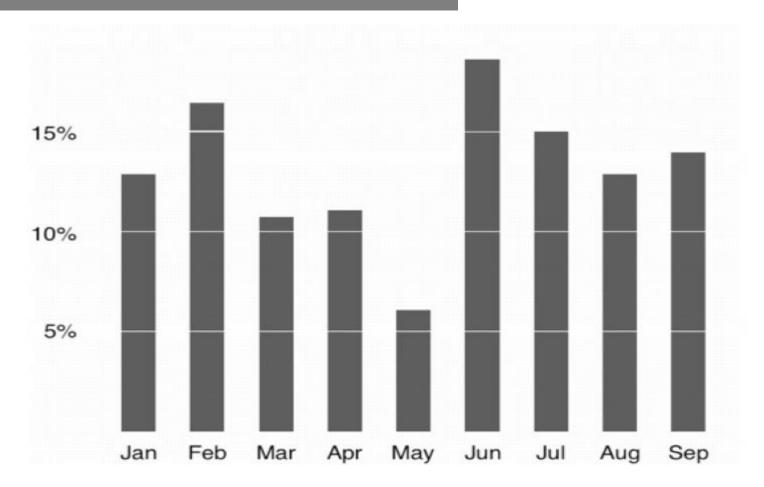








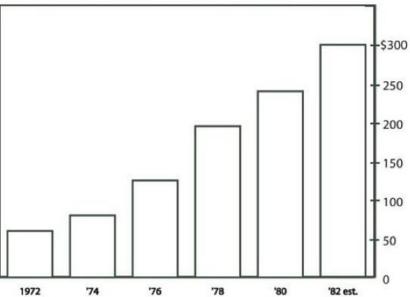




MINIMIZE CHART JUNK







Wayne Lytle

The Dangers of

GLITZIIVESS

and other
Visualization Faux Pas

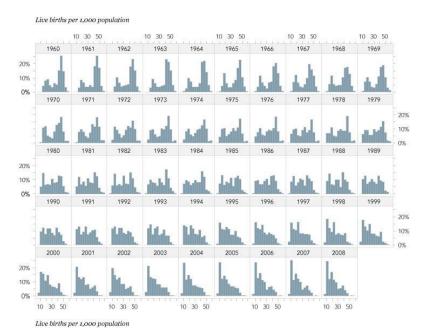
DATA DENSITY

MAXIMIZE THE RATIO OF:

(NUMBER OF ENTRIES IN DATA) (AREA OF THE GRAPHIC)

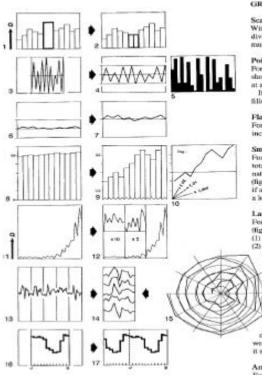
DATA DENSITY – SHRINK THE GRAPHICS

Annual Worldwide Distributions of Live Births



"SMALL MULTIPLES"

DATA DENSITY - SHRINK THE GRAPHICS



GRAPHIC PROBLEMS POSED BY TIME SERIES

Scale in years

With a scale in years, a two-year total (figure 1) should be divided by 2 (figure 2). A total for six months should be multiplied by 2.

Pointed curves

For overly pointed curves (figure 3), the scale of the Q should be reduced; optimum ongular perceptibility occurs at around 20 degrees (figure 4).

If the curve is not reducible (large and small variations), filled columns can be used (figure 5).

Flat curve

For overly flat curves (figure 6), the scale of the Q should be increased (figure 7).

Small variations

For small variations in relation to the total (figure 8), the total loses its importance, and the zero point can be eliminated, provided the reader is made aware of this elimination (figure 9). The graphic can be interpreted as an acceleration if a precise study of the variations is necessary, here, we use a logarithmic scale (figure 10). (See also page 240)

Large range

For a very large range between the extreme numbers (figure 11), we must either:

- (1) leave out the smallest variations;
- (2) be concerned only with relative differences (logarithmic scale), without knowing the absolute quantities;
 - (3) select different parts (periods) within the ordered component and treat them on different scales above the common scale (figure 12).

Obvious periodicity

If there is obvious periodicity (figure 13), and the study involves a comparison of the phases of each cycle, it is preferable to break up the cycles in order to superimpose them (figure 14). A point construction can be used, preferably in a spiral shape (figure 15), but we should not begin with too small a circle. As striking as it seems, it is less efficient than an orthogonal construction.

Annual carves

For annual curves of rainfall or temperature, if a cycle has two phases (figure 17), why depict only one (figure 16)?

contrast

Unlike what we see in figure 18, the pertinent or "sees" information must be separated from the background or reference" information. The background involves (a) the isystem, highlighted by a heading (Post St. Michel); (b) the highly visible identification of each component (tomings and dates). The new information (the curve) must stand out from the background (figure 19).

Reference points

It is impossible to utilize a graphic such as figure 20, except in a general manner. There is confusion concerning the position of the points, and no potential comparison is possible, as it is in figure 21.

Precision reading

A precision reading (utilization on the elementary level, at in figure 24) is difficult in figure 22, which results is a poir reading of the order of the points, and in figure 23, where there is ambiguity concerning the position of the points. On the other hand, figure 22 does favor overall vision (cartelation).

Null boxe

Curves accommodate null beacs poorly (figure 25). Columns (figure 26) are preferable.

Unknown boxes

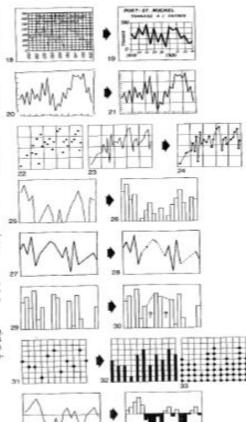
The drawing must indicate the unknowns of the information in an unambiguous way (figures 28 and 30). The reader might interpret figure 27 as a change in the structure of the curve and figure 29 as involving mill values.

Very small quantities

Except in seeking a correlation (quite improbable here) the number of ships entircing into a port is represented better by figure 33 than by figure 31 or 32. The reader can perceive the numerical values at first glance.

Positive-negative variation

This is in fast a problem involving three components Ω , Ω , $\frac{\partial}{\partial t} (k - \frac{1}{2})$, and it must be visually treated as such. Figure 34 of an he improved by utilizing a settiral variable (in figure 25 a value difference; black—white) to differentiate the $\frac{\partial}{\partial t}$ -component and thus highlight positive-negative variation.



DATA DENSITY – SHRINK THE GRAPHICS

Placed in the relevant context, a single number gains meaning. Thus the most recent measurement of glucose should be compared with earlier measurements for the patient. This data-line shows the path of the last 80 readings of glucose:

Lacking a scale of measurement, this free-floating line is dequantified. At least we do know the value of the line's right-most data point, which corresponds to the most recent value of glucose, the number recorded at far right. Both representations of the most recent reading are tied together with a color accent:

Some useful context is provided by showing the *normal range* of glucose, here as a gray band. Compared to normal limits, readings above the band horizon are elevated, those below reduced:

SPARKLINES

Science fiction

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

For other uses, see Science fiction (disambiguation).

33k visits in last 30 days

Science fiction is a genre of fiction dealing with imaginatic content such as futuristic settings, futuristic science and technology, space travel, time travel, parallel universes, and extraterrestrial life. It often explores the potential consequence

SPARKLINES

EASTERN EUROPE

Soviet cult and pragmatism in Transnistria

Experts worry that the next
"Crimea" could be the
breakaway region of Transnistria
Many locals there don't share that far,
and if the last referendum holds, a large
majority would welcome a Russian
annexation.

SPARKLINES

Gonzalo Higuain slides a cross in from the right and Ronaldo, at the front post, shoots off target.



HOW TO COMMUNICATE DATA HONESTLY TO AN AUDIENCE

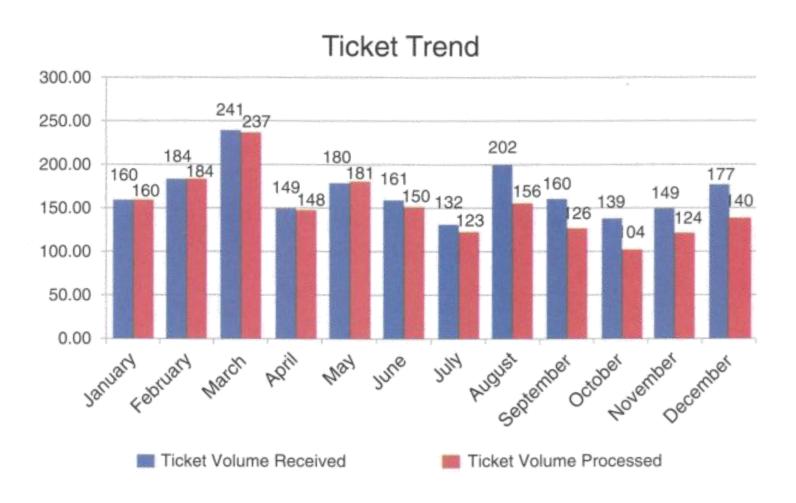
(W. Willett)

- 1. Be clear
- 2. Emphasize the important parts
- 3. Acknowledge assumptions and ambiguity
- 4. Avoid overstating results

STORYTELLING WITH DATA

Design of Visualization for Communication

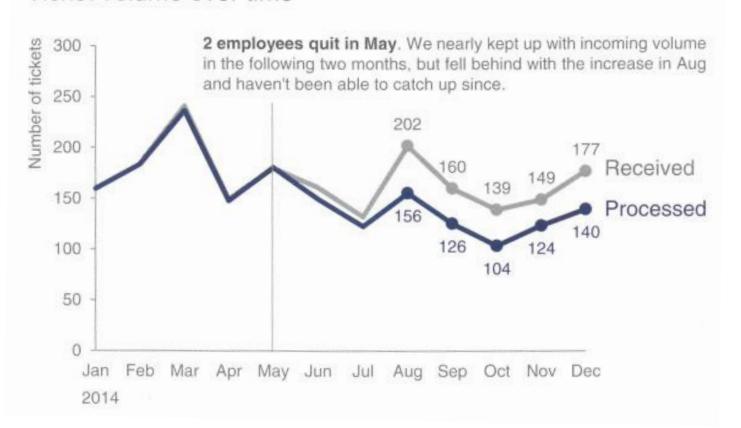
The chart was designed to argue for the hire of more two employees



Please approve the hire of 2 FTEs

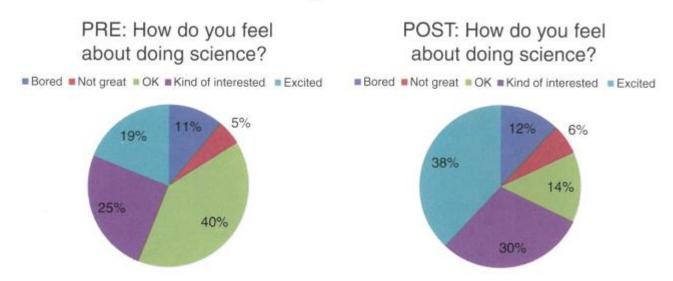
to backfill those who quit in the past year

Ticket volume over time



EXAMPLE - EXERCISE

Survey Results



survey conducted on 100 students before and after a pilot program

SKETCH – 10 MINUTES

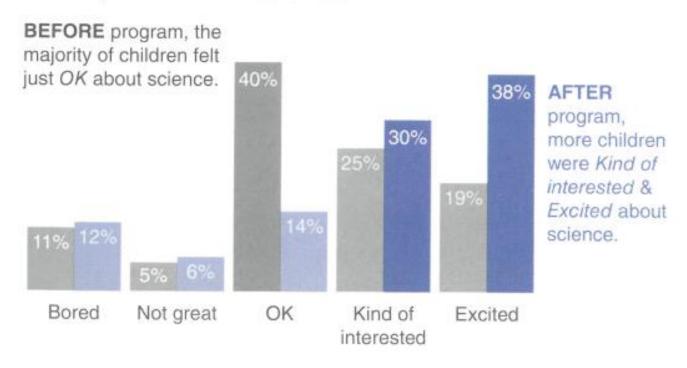
DESIGN A CHART THAT BETTER CONVEYS THE OUTCOME OF THE PROGRAM

QUESTIONS ON YOUR

- WHAT POINT DID YOU TRY TO MAKE?
- WHAT LAYOUT DID YOU CHOOSE?
- DID YOU PUT A **TITLE**?
- DID YOU PUT A **SUBTITLE**?
- DID YOU HIGHLIGHT ANY DATA?
- DID YOU ADD ANYTHING ELSE TO HELP COMMUNICATE?

Pilot program was a success

How do you feel about science?



KNOW YOUR CONTEXT

AUDIENCE, MEDIUM, MESSAGE

WHO DO YOU WANT TO COMMUNICATE TO?

YOUR AUDIENCE

AVOID:

ANYONE WHO IS INTERESTED
INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL STAKEHOLDERS

BE MORE SPECIFIC, FIND OUT ABOUT THEM: WILL THEY BE SUPPORTIVE OF YOUR MESSAGE? DO THEY KNOW THE DATA?

YOUR AUDIENCE

WHAT DO THEY WANT TO KNOW? WHAT DO THEY NEED TO DO?

accept | agree | begin | believe | change | collaborate | commence | create | defend | desire | differentiate | do | empathize | empower | encourage | engage | establish | examine | facilitate | familiarize | form | implement | include...

WHAT IS YOUR MEDIUM?

MEDIUM

- how much control does the audience have over the presentation?
- how much detail can they get?

LIVE PRESENTATION vs. ONLINE VISUALIZATION

WHAT DO YOU WANT TO SHOW?

QUESTIONS

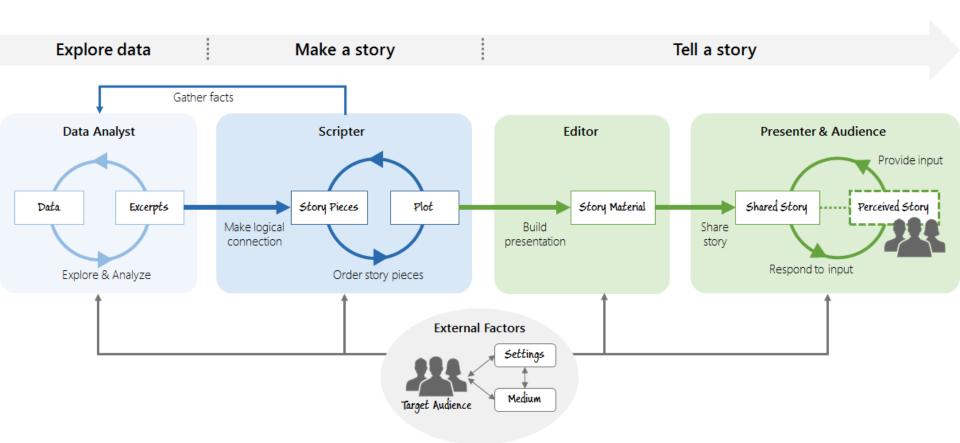
IN A SINGLE SENTENCE

IN 3 MINUTES

WHAT IS YOUR MESSAGE?

WHAT DOES YOUR AUDIENCE NEED TO KNOW?

FIGURE THIS OUT BEFORE YOU IMPLEMENT ANYTHING



Lee et al. 2015

LAYOUT

FEATURED

U.S. Says It May Not Need Apple's Help to Unlock iPhone



A court hearing set for Tuesday was canceled in the Justice Department's bid to gain access to phone data in the San Bernardino mass shooting inquiry.

- 404 Comments
- · Breaking Down Apple's iPhone Fight With the U.S. Government White Collar Watch: Apple May Be Willing to Risk Contempt Charge

MORE NEWS

Chip-Card Payment System Delays Frustrate Retailers

By RACHEL ABRAMS 3:53 PM ET

Many complications were widely predicted, but a lag in certifying payment terminals has added an unexpected wrinkle - and lots of finger-pointing.

Keeping Up With Android Security Patches

After a nasty Android bug surfaced last summer, Google has been sending out monthly updates for the software on its Nexus hardware.

Apple and Yahoo Each Struggle for Control of Their Futures

Apple is in a courtroom fight with the Justice Department, while Yahoo is contending with a sliding stock price and an activist hedge fund.

CrowdSignals Aims to Create a Marketplace for Smartphone Sensor Data

A new project seeks to collect, label and pay for mobile sensor data and encourage innovation in many fields

Andrew S. Grove, Intel Chief Who Spurred Semiconductor Revolution, Dies at 79

By JONATHAN KANDELL The semiconductor chip was a development as

momentous as hydrocarbon fuels, electricity and telephones were in

BITS

Insight and analysis on Silicon Valley and the technology industry.

Continue to Bits »

PERSONAL TECHNOLOGY

Change Your Feed, Personalizing It With an Algorithm By MIKE ISAAC

As our online networks of friends have grown and the social media companies have matured, feeds are evolving, too.

APP SMART Checklists and Tips to Help Streamline

Spring Cleaning By KIT EATOR It's time for spring cleaning again,

and some apps can help users stay organized while getting their homes in order.

TECH TIP

Speaking Your Mind to Google Docs

By J. D. BIERSDORFER

An external microphone can help you be better understood by Google's online word-processing program when you type by talking.

Marking Up a Mac's iBook Pages

By J. D. BIERSDORFER Apple's e-books program for OS X includes tools for making margin notes, highlighting passages and sharing your favorite parts of the

story. TECH TIP

Recording Live Television in

Windows 10 By J. D. BIERSDORFER If you miss the digital-video recording functions of Windows Media Center, you can find other ways to watch and record your favorite broadcast shows.

Getting the Weather Report From Windows

By J. D. BIERSDORFER Windows 10 offers several ways to get a forecast on your screen.

Mobile Games to

Make Time Fly Here are some of the best games to take the boredom out

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- 3. Amazon Leans on Government in Its Quest to Be a
- Delivery Powerhouse 4. CrowdSignals Aims to Create a Marketplace for
- Smartphone Sensor Data 5. Bits: Flinging Emojis, Twitch Chatters Revel as Julia
- 6. Apple vs. the F.B.I.: How the Case Could Play Out 7. Breaking Down Apple's iPhone Fight With the U.S.
- Government
- 8. Apple's New iDevices Say: Small Is Beautiful, Too
- 9. Judge in Apple Case Seen as Unfazed by Stress, Even a Plane Crash
- 10. Tech Tip: Logging Into Windows 10 With a Favorite

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The Terminator and the Washing Machine

What the legendary matches between supercomputer Deep Blue and chess grandmaster Garry Kasparov reveal about today's artificial intelligence and machine learning

LIAR

LIAR

Most of us like to think we can get ahead in life while keeping our noses clean. But, as Ian Leslie explains, we only got to the top of the evolutionary tree because we had a gift for misrepresentation

ou could call it humanity's dirty little secret. What helped to make us the most intelligent species on Earth was, to be honest, our talent for deception.

The human brain, possibly evolution's most impressive achievement, is also a bit of a mystery. We have much bigger brains, relative to our bodies, than any other mammal. Our hominid ancestors had brains about a third the size of ours. At some point between 2 and 1.5 million years ago, our ancestors' brains began to expand, and at quite a rate. Scientists have never been sure why.

For a long time, the nearest thing to an accepted explanation was that our intelligence resulted from our facility for making tools. But in the early 1980s, two young primatologists at the University of St Andrews began to wonder if it wasn't linked to something less flattering to our self-image: a capacity for deceit.

Richard Byrne and Andy Whiten had read descriptions of chimpanzee trickery in the works

in the Drakensberg mountains of South Africa they noticed baboons engaging in deceptive behaviour. For instance: a young baboon gets in trouble with several elders, including his mother, for attacking another member of the group. When he hears them coming for him, grunting aggressively, he stands and stares into the distance. The elders, thinking that a predator or rival troop must be approaching, stop and stare too. There is no threat. But the elders are distracted enough to forget what they came running over for.

Another example: an adult male baboon shoves a female off her feeding patch. Rather than protest or retreat, she flicks her gaze in a characteristic way from him to a younger male who is happily feeding nearby. The first male charges over to the younger one and chases him away. The female, meanwhile, returns to her patch and

the demands of such trickery.

tal capacity in our primate ancestors might help to explain the development of our own brains. This was an exciting thought. But initially, Byrne and Whiten found it hard to get any of their research evidence. Deception just was not a subject that many in their field took seriously.

of Jane Goodall, and during their own fieldwork

When Byrne and Whiten asked around, their colleagues regaled them with similar anecdotes. The two developed a hunch: that these stories represented something beyond aberrant aspects of primate behaviour, and that our closest relatives - chimps, gorillas and orang-utans - are practised, habitual deceivers. Byrne and Whiten also began to suspect that such behaviour might be linked to the development of primate intelligence: those animals with the mental sophistication to trick their way into getting more food, as our female baboon did, would have had a reproductive edge. Through the slow work of natural selection, the primate brain evolved to cope with

So a connection between deception and menpublished despite amassing a substantial body of

YELLOW BABOON Average group size Average group size Average neocortex size Average neocortex size (cubic centimetres) 61.4 143.3

VERVET

In 1982, however, they gained new impetus from a book that gave a gripping account of the shifting relationships within a colony of chimpanzees in a Dutch zoo. Franz de Waal's Chimpanzee Politics reads like the script of a soap opera or gangster movie. Alliances are formed, broken and re-formed, individuals are manipulated, violence is selectively employed, females are fought over and seduced. De Waal prefaced his book with quotes from Hobbes and Machiavelli, suggesting that this was a vision of human politics in the raw. Byrne and Whiten were fascinated, particularly by those episodes that showed deceptive behaviour, as when a chimp, presenting himself as a friend, would suddenly attack an unsuspecting rival.

In 1988 the two primatologists finally published their work in the form of a book, Machiavellian Intelligence. An unsettling read, it explored "the idea that intelligence began in social manipulation, deceit and cunning co-operation", showing that animals, far from living in a state of innocence, are as manipulative and underhand as the worst of our own species. It was persuasive too, making a big impact not only in primatology but in psychology, anthropology and medicine.

erne and Whiten believed that what they termed Machiavellian intelligence was linked to the size of the group an animal lived in: the bigger the group, the more complex the calculations individuals needed to make to survive. But there was little hard evidence for this until 1992, when Robin Dunbar, at the University of Liverpool, came up with a way to demonstrate a link between brain size and the complexity of an animal's social life.

Dunbar, too, had noticed that the size of a primate's brain appeared to be related to the size of the group it lived in. Baboons have big brains and live in big groups; vervets, who have smaller brains, live in smaller groups. He decided to investigate by looking at the neocortex. This is the part of the brain: the part that deals with abstraction, self-reflection and planning. It was also the part that showed such rapid expansion in primates - especially humans - two mil-

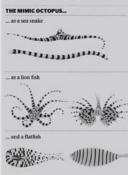
lion years ago.

Dambar plunged into the vast accumulation of primate data from around the world, looking for a orrelation between the size of an animal's neocortex and the size of its social groups. He found a link so strong that he was able to predict, with impressive accuracy, the group size of a species he hadn't looked at, just by knowing its brain size. He even came up with a prediction for human

SEEING IS DECEIVING

Many species, not just primates, practise deception as one of their survival strategies. The eastern hognose snake will, if threatened, fake its own death by rolling over on its back, emitting a foul stench and letting its tongue loll out of its mouth. The mimic octopus, found in the waters off Bali in Indonesia, can disguise itself as one of several other sea creatures, all the better to lure its prev.

Even plants deceive. The mirror orchid of North Africa produces small flowers to attract potential pollinators. The flowers have no nectar, but the orchids have a special ruse to seduce the wasps that pollinate them: they impersonate female wasps. The blue-violet centre of the flower resembles the wings of a female wasp at rest, while a thick set of long red hairs imitates the hairs on the insect's abdomen. It's bait - insect porn for horny male wasps.



BRAIN SIZE

(Homo habilis)

2.5-1.6 million years ago L8-1 million years ago (Homo erectus)







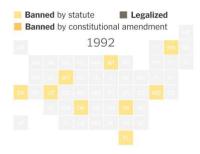


200,000 years ago (Homo saptens)



November 2009 | Eureka | THE TIMES | 27 26 | THE TIMES | Euroka | November 2009

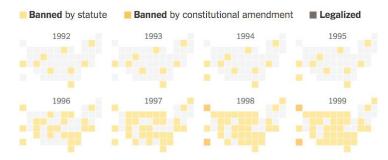




Gay Marriage State by State: From a Few States to the Whole Nation

By HAEYOUN PARK

The Supreme Court in June said that same-sex couples had a constitutional right to marry, effectively requiring that the 13 states that prohibit such unions reverse those bans. Over the last two years, the number of states authorizing gay marriage had expanded rapidly because of legislative decisions, referendums or court orders.



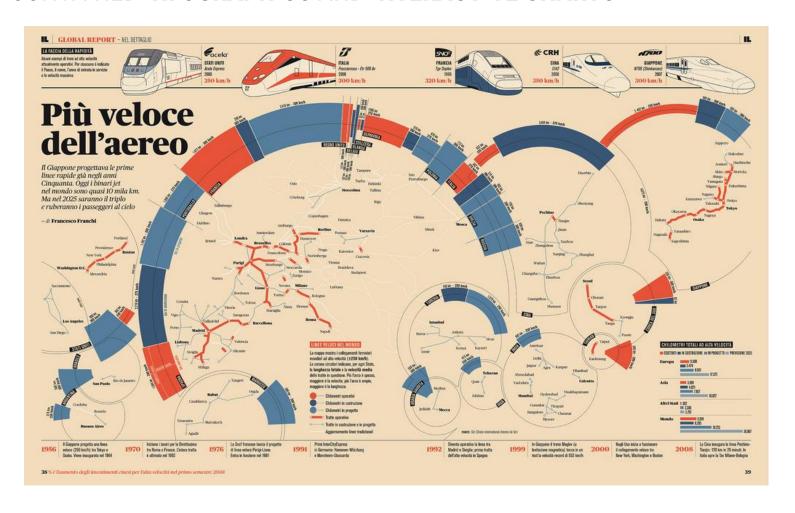
A ruling by the Hawaii Supreme Court in 1993 allowing same-sex marriage, along with rising demands for marriage equality nationwide, prompted a backlash. A majority of states, including Hawaii, adopted laws or constitutional amendments that limited marriage to a man and a woman. In 1996, Congress passed the Defense of Marriage Act, banning federal recognition of same-sex marriage.



ESPECIALLY IMPORTANT WHEN INTEGRATING VISUALIZATIONS INTO SOMETHING BIGGER

A STORY, A BIGGER INTERACTIVE, ETC.

BUT LAYOUT IS ALSO IMPORTANT FOR INTRODUCING SELF-CONTAINED **INFOGRAPHICS** AND **INTERACTIVE CHARTS**

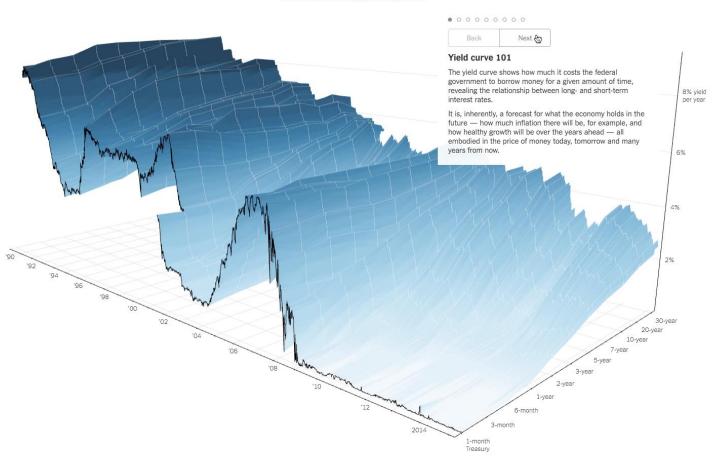






A 3-D View of a Chart That Predicts The Economic Future: The Yield Curve

By GREGOR AISCH and AMANDA COX MARCH 18, 2015



DIRECT ATTENTION

DRAW ATTENTION TO ONE THING FIRST.

THEN USE COLOR, SIZE, SPACE, AND PLACEMENT TO DIRECT VIEWERS TO THE NEXT IMPORTANT POINT.

Walking Skyscrapers New York City Walking Tours NYU School of Architecture Continuing Education Program Fall 2004

Experience the history and variety of Manhattan's noteworthy architectural wonders—the skyscrapers that have given the city its signature skyline and inspired its residents for nearly one hundred years.

Tour Programs

The Flatiron District September 17 New York's first scyscraper and the industrial buildings of the early 20th Century

Lower Manhattan September 24 Explore the concrete canyons that rose up on the site of New Amsterdam

Midtown October 5 The corporate megaliths of the 1970s and 1980s

Sign up now! Space is limited. \$125 per three-hour tour. Purchase the package of three for \$275

Call the office of Continuing Education at NYU: 212.555.2259 or visit us on the Web at www.nyu.edu/arch/walk.html
One academic credit
Tours are open to the public

Walking Skyscrapers

New York City Walking Tours NYU School of Architecture Continuing Education Program Fall 2004

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Fall 2004

Experience the history and variety of Manhatton's

noteworthy architectural wooders - the skylcrapers

NYLS: hard of Archaecture Executions industrian Program

Walking Skyscrapers Skyscrapers that have given the city its signature skyline and

New York City Walking Tours

Tour Programs

The Flatiron District

New York's first scyscraper and the industrial buildings of the early 20th Century

September 14 Lower Manhattan

Explore the concrete carryons that rose up on the site of old New Amsterdam

October 5

Midtown

The corporate megaliths of the 1970s and 1980s

Sign up now!

Space is limited.

Call the office of Crebeurg lidyoner at Niti.

212.555.2259

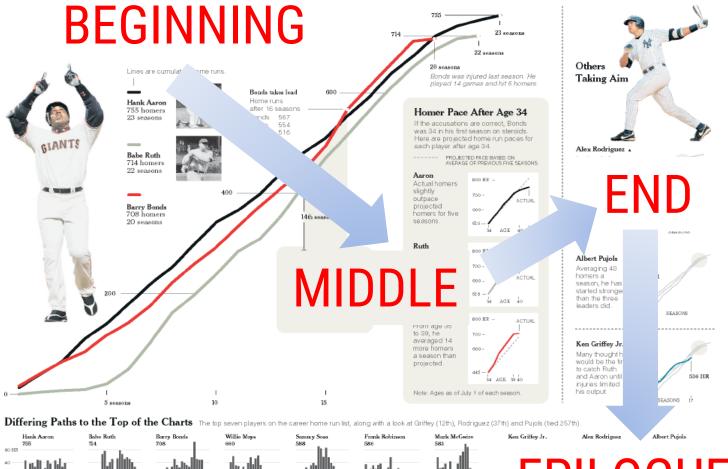
or will so on the deb www.nyu-edu/arch/walk.html

WE TEND TO SCAN **TOP TO BOTTOM**THEN **LEFT TO RIGHT**

BUT...

SIZE & COLOR CAN PREEMPT THAT

ORDER

















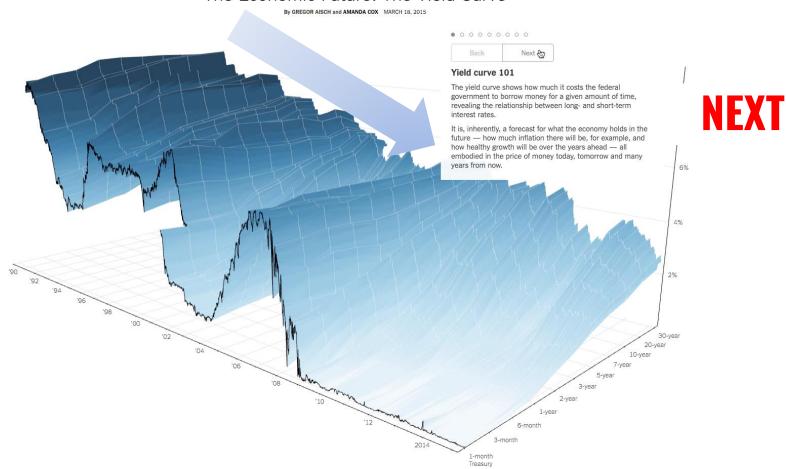
EPILOGUE





BEGINNING

A 3-D View of a Chart That Predicts The Economic Future: The Yield Curve



MINIMALISM

IF YOU CAN DO IT WITH LESS, DO IT!

TRY TO SHOW **ONLY WHAT'S NECESSARY**.

USE DESIGN TO **COMMUNICATE**, NOT DECORATE.

TYPOGRAPHY

ALMOST EVERY VISUALIZATION USES TEXT

...AND ALMOST EVERY VISUALIZATION CAN BENEFIT FROM GOOD USE OF TYPOGRAPHY

THE BASICS

Serif

Sans Serif

TYPE ON THE WEB

USED TO BE VERY LIMITED

Arial **Arial Black** Comic Sans MS Courier New Georgia **Impact** Times New Roman Trebuchet MS Verdana

NOW...LOTS OF GREAT OPTIONS

Grumpy wizards make toxic brew for the evil Queen and lack.

Open Sans, 10 Styles by Steve Matteson

Grumpy wizards make toxic brew for the evil Queen and Jack.

Grumpy wizards make toxic brew for the evil Queen and Jack.

Grumpy wizards make toxic brew for the evil Queen and Jack.

Roboto, 12 Styles by Christian Robertson

Lato, 10 Styles by Łukasz Dziedzic

Slabo 27px, 1 Style by John Hudson

Grumpy wizards make toxic brew for the evil Queen and Jack.

Roboto Condensed, 6 Styles by Christian Robertson

Grumpy wizards make toxic brew for the evil Queen and Jack

Noto Sans, 4 Styles by Google

Grumpy wizards make toxic brew for the evil Queen and Jack.

PT Serif, 4 Styles by ParaType

Normal 400 Grumpy wizards make toxic brew for the evil Queen and Jack.

Alegreva Sans, 14 Styles by Juan Pablo del Peral

Titillium Web, 11 Styles by Multiple Designers

Grumpy wizards make toxic brew for the evil Queen and Jack.

Passion One, 3 Styles by Fontstage

Normal 400

Grumpy wizards make toxic brew for the evil Queen and Jack.

Grumpy wizards make toxic brew for the evil Queen and Jack.

Grumpy wizards make toxic brew for the evil Queen and Jack.

NUMBERS

CHOOSE FONTS AND
WEIGHTS TO MAXIMIZE
LEGIBILITY AT THE SIZE
THEY'LL BE DISPLAYED

For Numbers...

Din

0123456789

Helvetica Neue

0123456789

Myriad

0123456789

Gills Sans

0123456789

Tahoma

0123456789

Azuro

1234567890

Lucida Sans

0123456789

USE TWO TYPEFACES MAXIMUM

(OFTEN EVEN ONE IS ENOUGH.)

YOU CAN ALSO USE:

WEIGHT

COLOR

Italics

SIZE

KEEP TYPE LARGE AND LEGIBLE

40-60pt (or Bigger) for Headlines

12-16 for body text, captions, and visualization text.

You should almost <u>never</u> use 10pt or smaller. (Even IN your visualizations.)

TYPE AND CONTRAST

Be careful with small differences in luminosity.

What works on your display may not work in general.

TYPE CAN SUGGEST





Web Images Video News Maps more »

Google Search I'm Feeling Lucky

Google Search I'm Feeling Lucky

Google.ca offered in: Français

Advertising Programs - Business Solutions - About Google

Make Google Your Homepage!

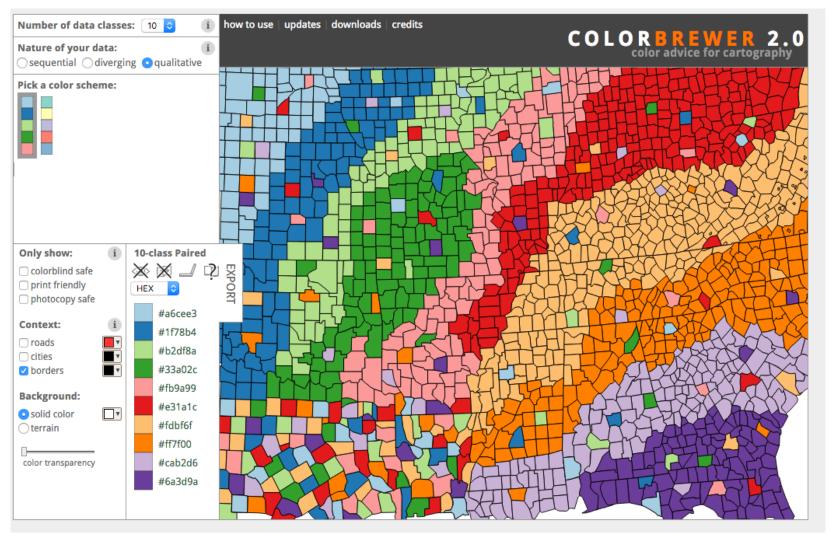
@2007 Google

10 YEARS AGO

TODAY (CUES CAN BE SUBTLE)

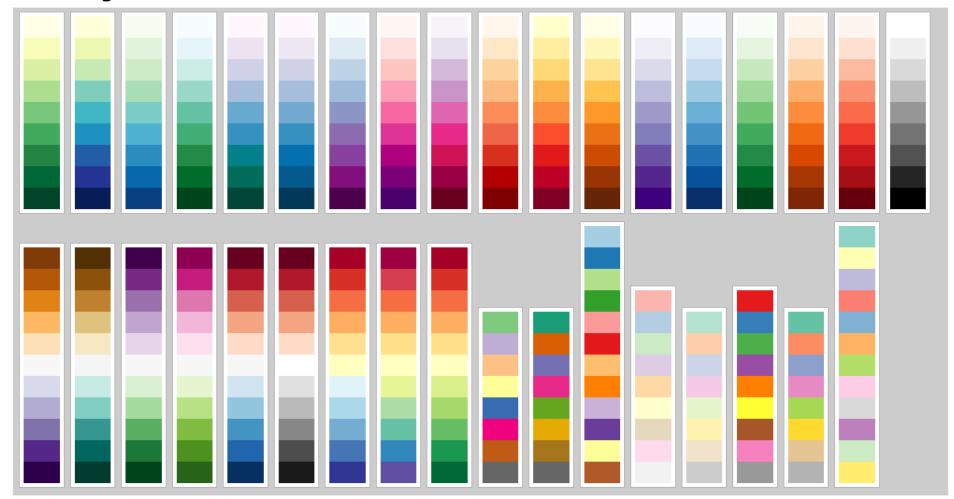
COLOR

(WE'VE SEEN THIS BEFORE.)



USE COLORBREWER!

Every ColorBrewer Scale



SYMBOLS AND ICONOGRAPHY

SEMIOTICS (THE STUDY OF SIGNS)



SIGNIFIEDA THING OR IDEA



SIGNIFIER

A REPRESENTATION

OF THE THING OR IDEA

(A WORD, PICTURE, SOUND, ETC.)

warmth

heat

danger

etc.

SENSE

THE UNDERSTANDING A
VIEWER GETS FROM
SEEING THE SIGNIFIED
(OR THE SIGNIFIER!)

TYPES OF SIGNS



ICON
PHYSICALLY
RESEMBLES
WHAT IT STANDS
FOR



INDEX
IMPLIES / POINTS TO
SOMETHING
(CORRELATION)



SYMBOL POINTS TO SOMETHING

RELATIONSHIP HAS
TO BE LEARNED

USING SIGNS TO ILLUSTRATE AND PROMPT RECOGNITION

World's most contagious talsenoods

virulence of idea (google hits)

Reset

The Vomitorium



Not a room Romans used for Bacchanalian binges, but the name for the entrance to a stadium.



Different tongue parts

There are no different sections for each taste: bitter, sour. salty, sweet & umami (savoury/meaty).



Electric fan @ night

Big myth in South Korea that this is deadly. Very unlikely to harm you. Unless you put the fan in the bed.



Steep Learning Curve

Actually means a skill that is easy and quick to learn. Think about it. The curve just goes up and up.



Sharks = no cancer

Oh yes they do get cancer. Particularly skin cancer.



Black holes

Not really 'holes' but hugely dense objects with massive gravitational pull.



Wake sleepwalkers?

They'll be really confused, but it's okay. They're more likely to hurt themselves if they're not awoken.



Chemical Imbalance

Simplistic. Thank pharma for the idea that major depression is caused by an imbalance of neurotransmitters like serotonin.



Napoleon was short

A tall tale. At 5'7", he was actually above average height for a Frenchman of the time.



The 5 Second Rule

Amount of bacteria transferred o fallen food depends on how contaminated the floor is, not how long the food stays there.



Bulls hate red

Bulls are colour-blind. They actually react to motions of the bull fighter's cloth as a perceived threat.



Great Wall of China

Not visible from space. Myth. Now stop saving it!



Missing persons reports Police don't demand

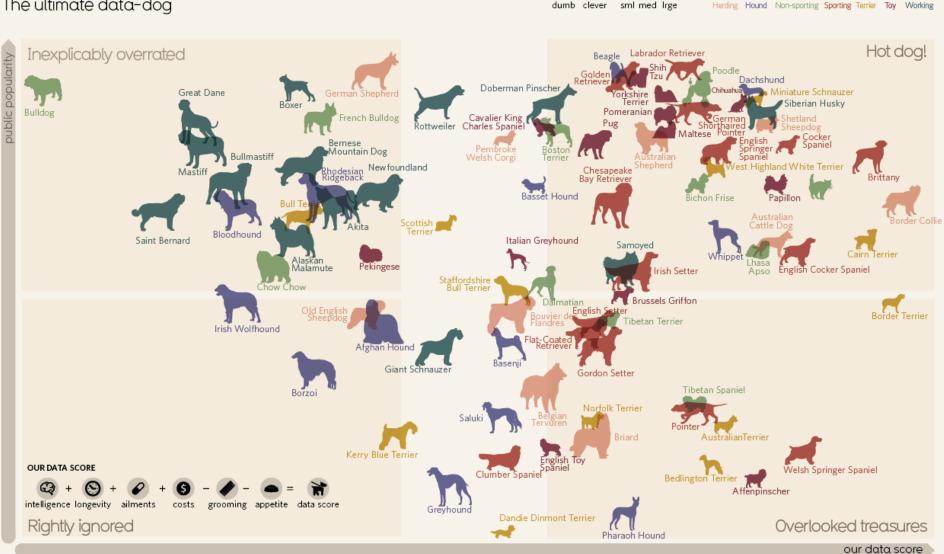


Bananas grow on trees Actually grow on massive horbs that recemble trees Ret



Oil stops stuck pasta Nope. But it can stop

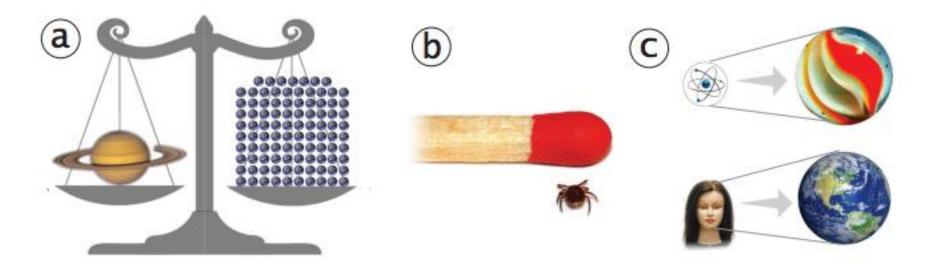
A gene for... Genes code for proteins, so there are actually no genes Best in Show The ultimate data-dog



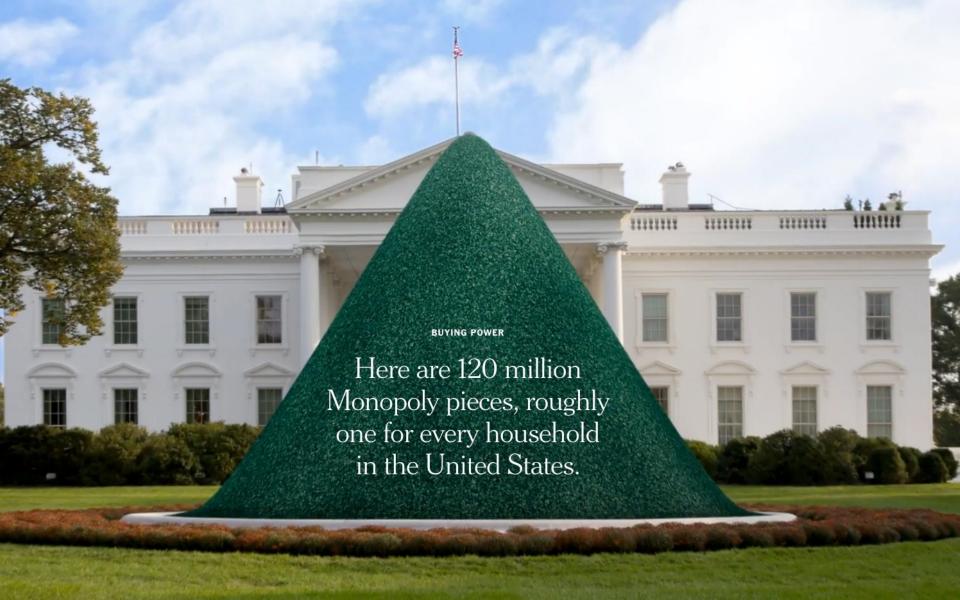
INTELLIGENCE

TYPE

USING SIGNS TO MAKE DATA RELATABLE



USING CONCRETE SCALES
CHEVALIER ET AL. 2013 LINK



Mainly in Finance and Energy



Finance 64 Majority in hedge funds, private equity or venture capital.



Energy and natural resources 17 Mostly oil and gas.



Real estate and construction 15



Media and entertainment 12

Hollywood moguls like Steven Spielberg, J.J. Abrams and Jeffrey Katzenberg.



Health 12

Woody Johnson, owner of the New York Jets, whose family founded Johnson & Johnson.



Technology 10



Transportation 9

Trucking, autos, cruise ships.



Retail and manufacturing 6



Food, beverage, agriculture 5

Includes citrus, poultry and sugar magnates.



Insurance 3



Other/unknown 5

MIDDLE EAST

DEATH IN SYRIA

By KAREN YOURISH, K.K. REBECCA LAI and DEREK WATKINS SEPT. 14, 2015

More than $200,\!000$ people

have been killed in the four-and-a-half-year Syrian civil war.

The death toll in the Gaza-Israel conflict.

By Lazaro Gamio and Richard Johnson, Updated: Aug 7, 2014

Statistics on death tolls during active conflict are often difficult to track accurately. A note on our sourcing:

For death toll numbers from within Gaza, we receive daily or sometimes twice daily updates from the head of the Information Management Unit in the United Nations Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs in the Occupied Palestinian Territories field office in the West Bank. The field office gets updates from multiple sources within Gaza, including U.N. agencies and the Palestinian Medical Authorities. They then create and continually update a spreadsheet of all available data. These numbers are often not complete, but represent the best available data and do tend to clarify over time. Israel disputes the numbers provided by the United Nations, saying that a large number of those killed, particularly males over 18, were armed terrorists and not civilians.

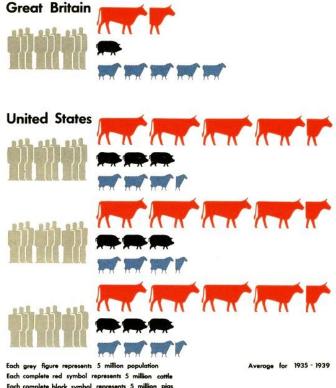
For death toll numbers of Israeli soldiers, we rely on Israel Defense Forces press releases and their Twitter account. For Israeli civilian deaths, we rely on news reports and our reporters in Israel and Gaza. These numbers are similarly tentative initially but clarify over time.

Related articles: Reporters grapple with politics, erratic sources in reporting Israeli/Gaza death toll (Washington Post) | Caution needed with Gaza casualty figures (BBC) | Civilian or Not? New Fight in Tallying the Dead From the Gaza Conflict (New York Times)

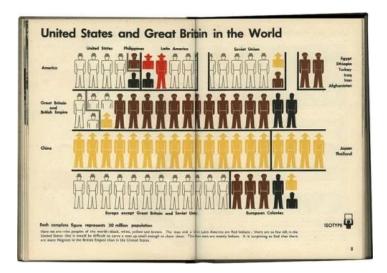


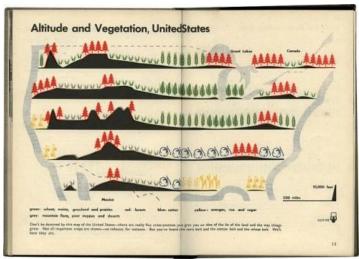
ISOTYPE VISUALIZATION

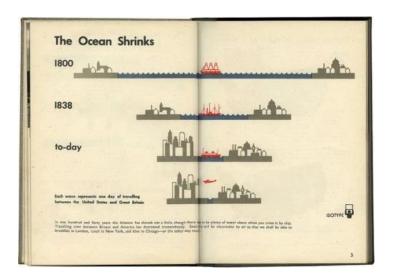
Population and Live Stock

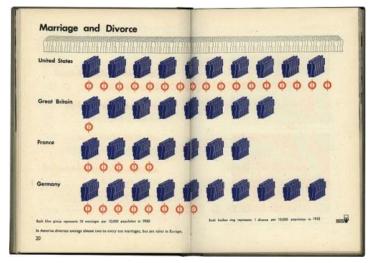


Each complete black symbol represents 5 million pigs Each complete blue symbol represents 5 million sheep









OTTO & MARIE NEURATH 1948 MORE EXAMPLES

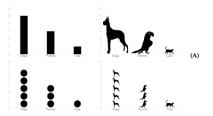
ISOTYPE Visualization – Working Memory, Performance, and Engagement with Pictographs

Steve Haroz

Northwestern University isotype@steveharoz.com

Robert Kosara Tableau Research rkosara@tableau.com

Steven L. Franconeri Northwestern University franconeri@northwestern.edu



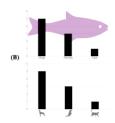


Fig. 1. Pictographic charts have been used for decades. (A) Which chart above most effectively conveys information? Which data is easiest to remember during a demanding task? Which is most engaging? (B) How integrated must a pictograph be to benefit the user? Do purely decorative background images offer the same benefits as simple axis labels? Or must they be used to convey data?

ABSTRACT

Although the infographic and design communities have used simple pictographic representations for decades, it is still unclear whether they can make visualizations more effective. Using simple charts, we tested how pictographic representations impact (1) memory for information jux viewed, as well as under the load of additional information, (2) speed of finding information, and (3) engagement and preference in seeking out these visualizations. We find that superfluous images can distract. But we find no user costs – and some intriguing benefits – when pictographs are used to represent the data.

Author Keywords

Visualization; Psychophysics; Working Memory; User Performance; Pictograph; Embellishment; ISOTYPE

INTRODUCTION

The International System Of TYpographic Picture Education (ISOTYPE) uses simple pictographic elements to convey many types of information, including numerical data. Otto and Marie Neurath defined the term in the 1920s [21], though this type of chart was first described by Willard Brinton in

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Crit 2015, April 18 - 23 2015, Seous, Republic of Korea Copyright is held by the owner/author(s). Publication rights licensed to ACM. ACM 978-1-4503-3145-6/15/04...\$15.00

http://dx.doi.org/10.1145/2702123.2702275

1914 [6]. Together with Gerd Arntz, the Neuraths created many ISOTYPE designs over several decades [1].

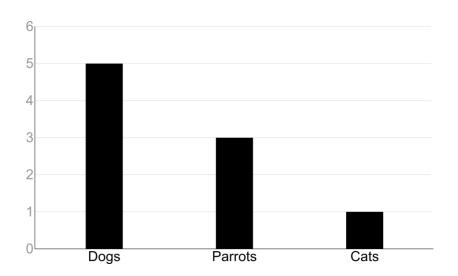
The goal was a universally understandable system for communicating quantities of commercial, social, or economic information (e.g., automobile production or number of children born per year). Symbols, each representing a fixed quantity, were stacked to provide an intuitive representation of a total amount (Fig. 2). Gerd Arntz's pictographs – simplified icons with minimal color – are highly recognizable and are still used in signs, traffic icons, and warning labels.

While the design community has largely embraced the simple style of ISOTYPE for pictographic embellishments [7, 17], the visualization and HCI communities tend to regard pictographs as 'chart junk' – a distraction from the data itself [24]. Here we examine how ISOTYPE-style embellishment affects viewer memory, speed, and engagement within simple visualizations.

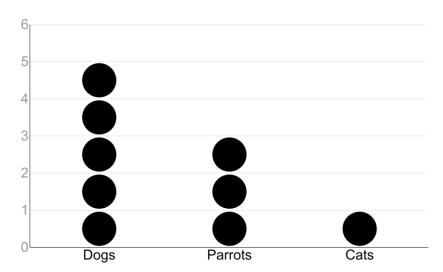
Recent work suggests that extraneous pictographic information can indeed improve the effectiveness of visualizations. Bateman et al. found that visualizations that integrate data with illustrations yielded better memory of the data compared to minimalistic outlines of bar charts [2]. Borkin et al. found a related result – that people can better recall having seen a visualization that includes pictures [4], though it is not clear if they would better recall the data, per se. When images and clip-art are embedded in the visualization's data representation, Borgo et al. found occasional impact to work-

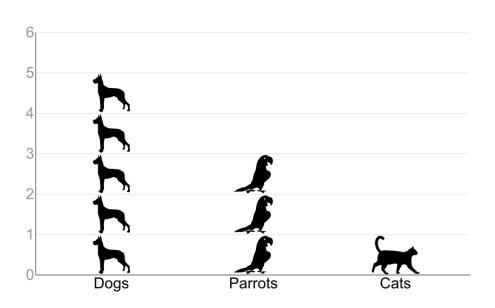
STACKED ICONS CAN:

HAROZ ET AL. 2015 LINK



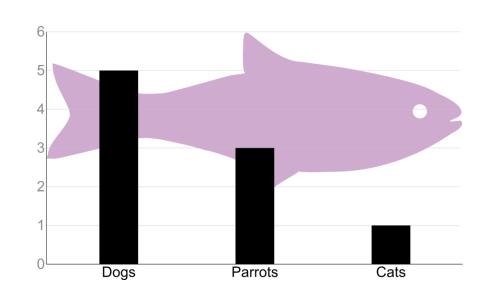
STACKED ICONS CAN: ENCODE DATA AS BOTH LENGTH AND QUANTITY





STACKED ICONS CAN: ENCODE DATA AS BOTH LENGTH AND QUANTITY

(WHERE THIS WORKS)
ICONS CAN SUPPORT
MEMORY & ENGAGEMENT



STACKED ICONS CAN: ENCODE DATA AS BOTH LENGTH AND QUANTITY

(WHERE THIS WORKS)
ICONS SUPPORT MEMORY
& ENGAGEMENT

BUT! OTHER IMAGES ARE DISTRACTING

HOW TO USE DATA TO TELL A STORY?

(THERE ARE MANY, MANY CHOICES TO MAKE.)

More articles about Britain are available to

economist.com/britain

The Economist February 6th 2010 61

Q

Also in this section

64 Bagehot: Electoral reform

Britain's "broken society"

Through a glass darkly

Crime, family break-up, drunks and drugs: the Conservatives-and apparently plenty of voters-think that Britain has a "broken society". Does the claim stand up?

TT IS hard to believe that such appalling ken society". The Edlington case was not I crimes could have been committed by anyone so young. Two boys in the north of England were subjected to a sadistic attack that caused parents across the country to shudder. The anguish of the children was their tormentor was also a child, not yet match the economic one, he reckons. even a teenager. The attacks had been carried out "solely for the pleasure and excitement" of it, the judge in the case said. What has society come to when such evil is found in those so young?

That was in 1968. Mary Bell, the daughter of a Tyneside prostitute and supposedly the victim of repeated abuse herself, became Britain's most famous child-killer when, just 11 years old, she was convicted of strangling two young boys. Now, a similar case is causing people to wonder again whether society has gone to the dogs. Two brothers from the South Yorkshire village ed on January 22nd of torturing and sexually abusing two younger boys in an ordeal that left one of them close to death.

The case was highlighted by David Cameron, the leader of the opposition, who on the day the boys were sentenced launched a chapter of his Conservative

"just some isolated incident of evil". Mr Cameron said. Connecting it to four other infamous examples of callous brutality, he declared that it raised "deep questions about what is going wrong in our society". awful enough. But in a grotesque twist, Britain is experiencing a social recession to

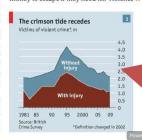
Those good old days in full

Was Mary Bell's Britain better than today's version? An increasing number of people seem to think so. Opinion pollsters around the world find that people are usually gloomy about the future, perhaps because it is inherently more uncertain than the past. But Britons are getting even more downbeat. When Labour came to power in 1997, 40% of the population thought the country was becoming a worse place to live in. By 2007 that had risen to 60%. A year on, and a year into Gordon Brown's of Edlington, aged ten and 11, were convict- spell as prime minister, the malcontents numbered 71%-and that was before the financial crash. There has been a "surge of nostalgia" for the good old days, says Ben Page, head of Insos-Mori, a polling firm.

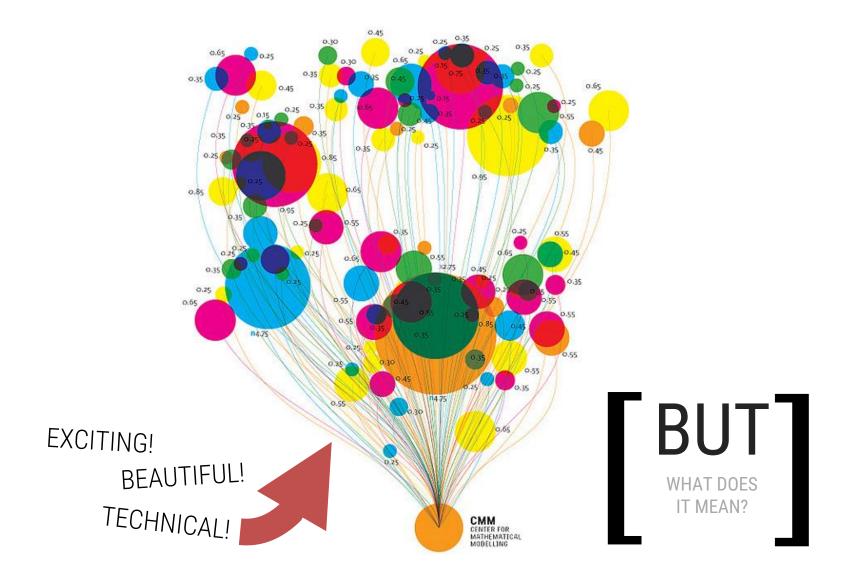
Chief among people's worries is their security. Under Labour, fear of crime climbed until by 2007 it had become the is-Party's election manifesto dedicated to sue that pollsters identified as the main dealing with what he calls Britain's "bro- complaint among voters. (Since then wor-

ries about the economy have eclipsed all else.) The heightened fears are a puzzle to criminologists, who point out that over the past 15 years Britain has experienced a steady, deep fall in crime. The statistics are notoriously hard to interpret, but according to the British Crime Survey, the Home Office's most reliable measure though still far from perfect, crime overall has dropped by 45% since its peak in 1995. A big chunk of that fall is owing to reductions in vehicle theft and domestic burglary, for which alarm manufacturers and increased householder vigilance probably deserve as much credit as the police. But violent crime has fallen too. It is now almost half what it was in 1995, and no higher than in 1981 (see chart 1).

Looking more carefully, the big fall in brutality has been in domestic violence. which has dropped by a staggering 70%. (No one is sure why; the best guess is that an improving economy has kept men out of the house and given women enough money to escape if they need to.) Violence >>

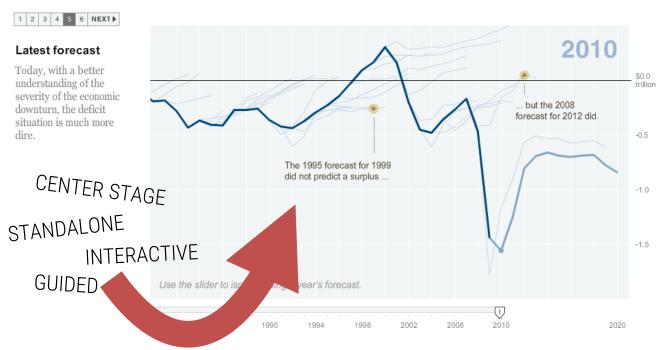


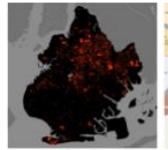




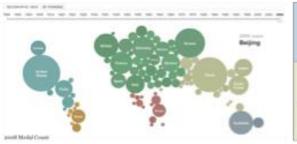
Budget Forecasts, Compared With Reality

Just two years ago, surpluses were predicted by 2012. How accurate have past White House budget forecasts been?



















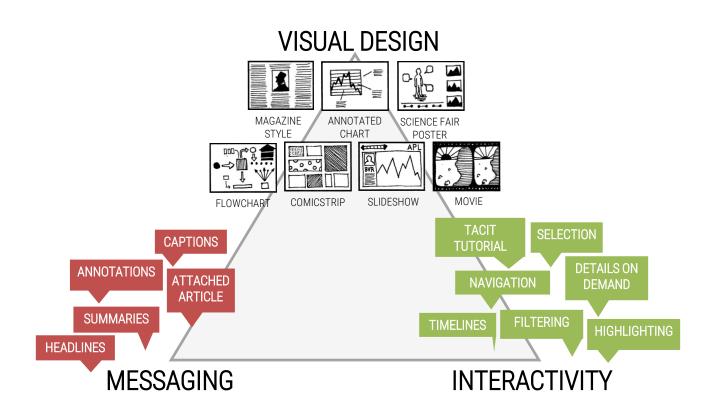


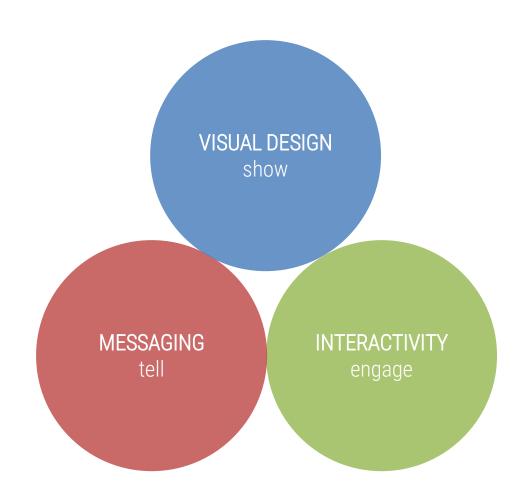
58 CASE STUDIES

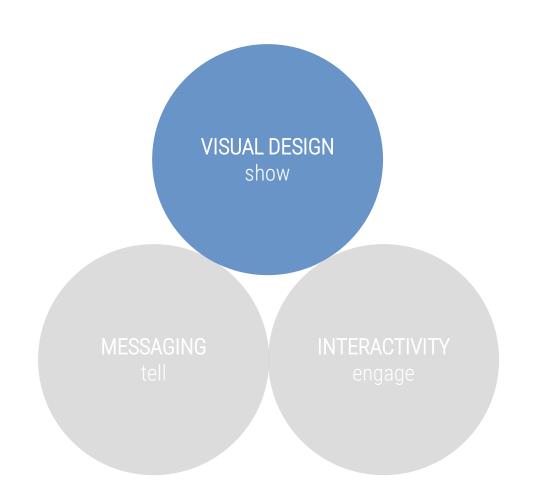
70% JOURNALISM 20% BUSINESS 10% RESEARCH

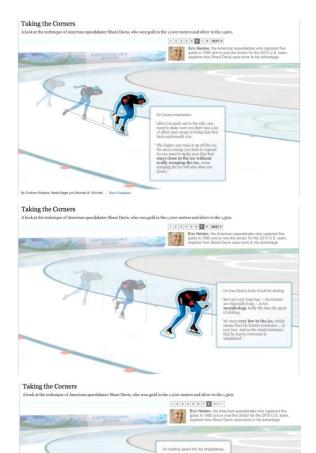
EDWARD SEGEL & JEFFREY HEER **2010**









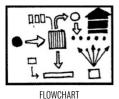


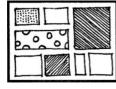
"If you watch Shani when be first enter the turn, his first few strokes the tempo is a little bit shower than when he leaves the turn.

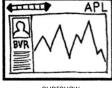
And by the end of the turn his tempo has increased so that he can maximize the ability to gain speed out of the turns. As you

THE MORE LINEAR, THE MORE LIKE A TRADITIONAL STORY.

WITH A BEGINNING, MIDDLE, AND END.





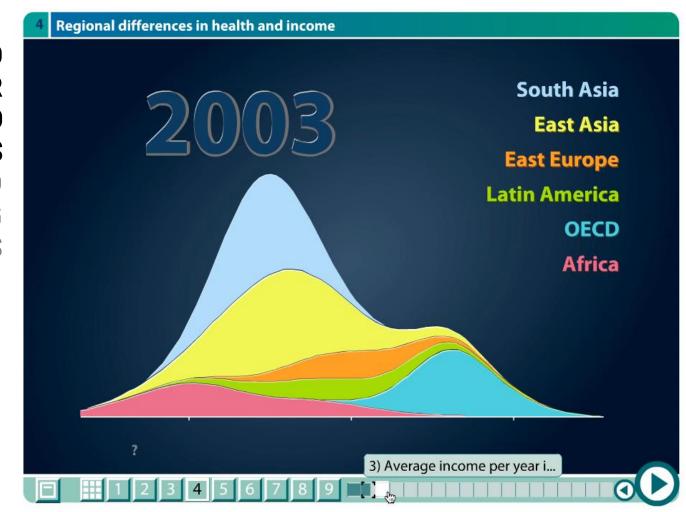


COMICSTRIP

SLIDESHOW

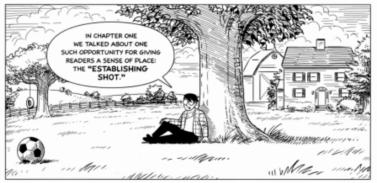
USE STAGING AND ANIMATION FOR COMPLICATED TRANSITIONS

TO AVOID CONFUSING READERS



USE ESTABLISHING SHOTS

SITUATE THE VIEWER BEFORE DIVING IN.















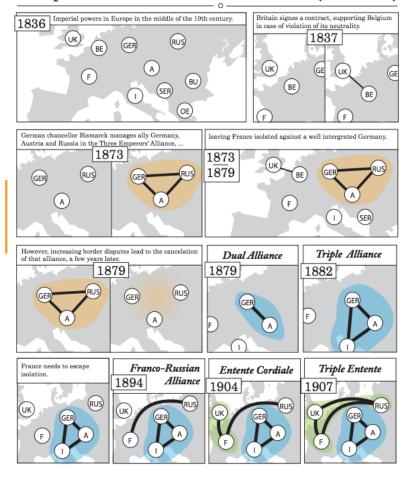


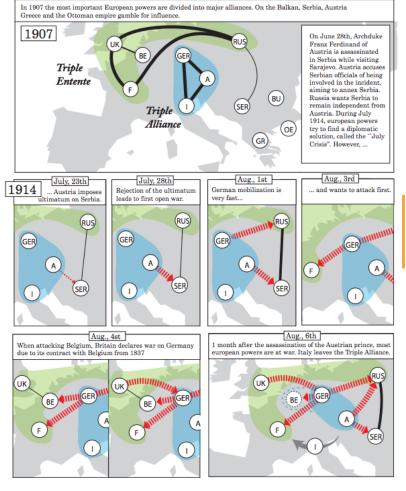


I MEAN LOOK AT THAT THING -- IT'S A SQUIGGLE FOR PETE'S SAKE! BUT YOU KNOW IT'S A TREE BASED ON THE PANELS BEFORE.



European Alliances before World War I (1836-1914)

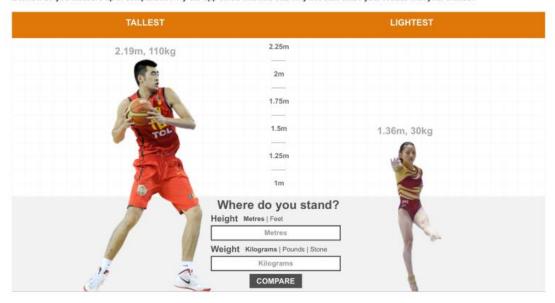




Users find themselves

Your Olympic athlete body match

Olympic athletes come in all shapes and sizes, from the lithe limbs of Japan's Asuka Teramoto to the gargantuan frame of China's Zhaoxu Zhang. But how do you measure up in comparison? Try our app below and find out. Why not then share your results with your friends?

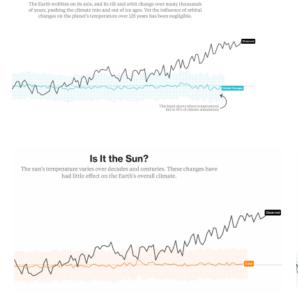


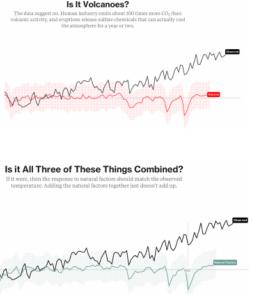
HELPS ANCHOR VIEWER IN THE PIECE. MAKES DATA MORE PERSONALLY

RELEVANT.

Again, and again...

Is It the Earth's Orbit?





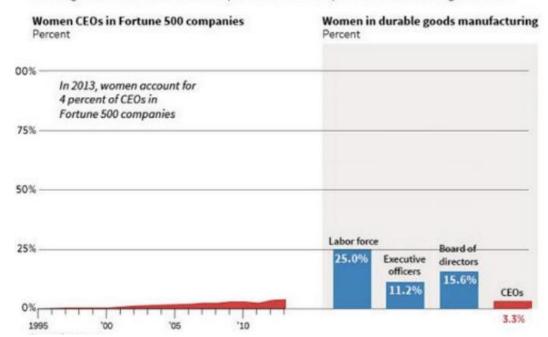
SHOW SAME PHENOMENON OVER AND OVER, CHANGING ONLY ONE VARIABLE.

RHYTHM STRENGTHENS
THE NARRATIVE.
REPEATED
DISAPPOINTMENT SETS UP
THE FINAL REVEAL.

Break conventions

The glass ceiling persists

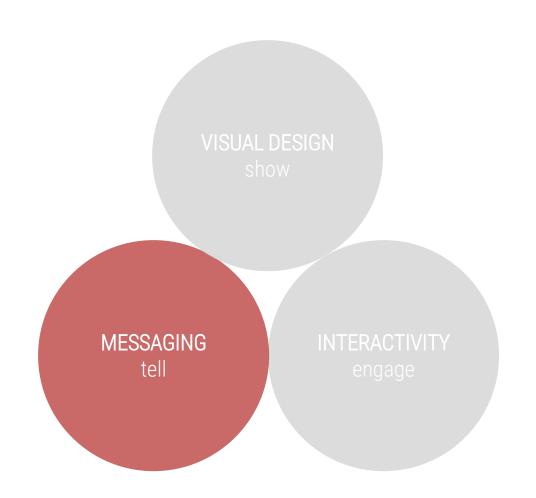
General Motors named Mary Barra as its next CEO, replacing Dan Akerson. Here's a look at how women are faring in their advancement to the top of Fortune 500 companies and the durable goods sector.



PURPOSEFULLY BREAK CONVENTIONS OF CHART DESIGN.

BREAKING
EXPECTATIONS CAN
BE USED TO
UNDERLINE
PARTICULAR
INTERPRETATIONS.

2016 LYN BARTRAM, BENJAMIN BACH, JEREMY BOY, PAULO CIUCCARELLI, STEVEN DRUCKER, YURI ENGELHARDT, ULRIKE KOEPPEN, MORITZ STEFANER, BARBARA TVERSKY, & JO WOOD.





AUGUST 8, 2007 FEEDBACK Paths to the Top of the Home Run Charts The players with the most home runs are shown below; click on a player's name or on a line below to highlight a player's trajectory. Hank Aaron In 1974, Aaron broke 1 Bonds 762 755 home runs the home run record 2 Aaron 755 that Ruth set in 1935. One home run every 16.4 at-bats. 3 Ruth 714 4 Mays 660 The model of power consistency: 600 he had 15 seasons of more than 5 Griffey 630 30 homers, but no seasons of 6 Sosa 609 more than 47. 7 Rodriguez 599 586 8 Robinson 500 home 9 McGwire 583 runs 577 10 Thome 11 Killebrew 573 400 569 12 Palmeiro Alex Rodriguez was 13 Jackson 563 the youngest to reach 14 Ramirez 554 15 Schmidt 548 536 16 Mantle Lines above Aaron's show players who had hit more 17 Foxx 534 home runs at that age. 18 McCovey 521 200 Ted Williams was Lines below show 18 Thomas 521 players who had hit fewer. a Navy pilot in 18 Williams 521 21 Banks 512 512 21 Mathews 23 Ott 511 Babe Ruth spent the majority of his 24 Sheffield 509 first five seasons as a pitcher 504 25 Murray 17 years old

USE HEADLINES, CAPTIONS, & ANNOTATIONS

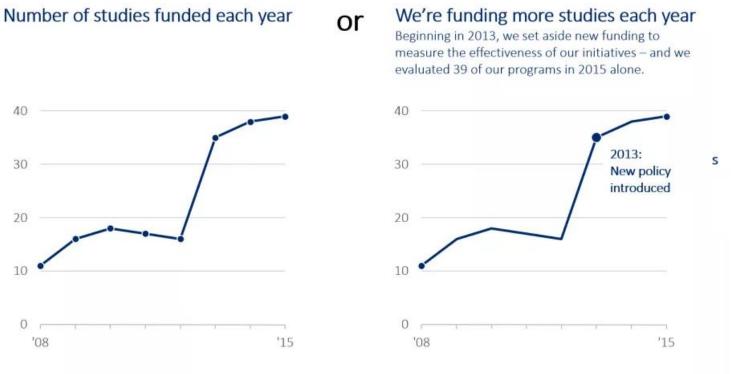
QUICKLY DRAW ATTENTION TO WHAT'S IMPORTANT.

MARK FOR EMPHASIS



DESCRIPTIVE TITLES AND ANNOTATIONS

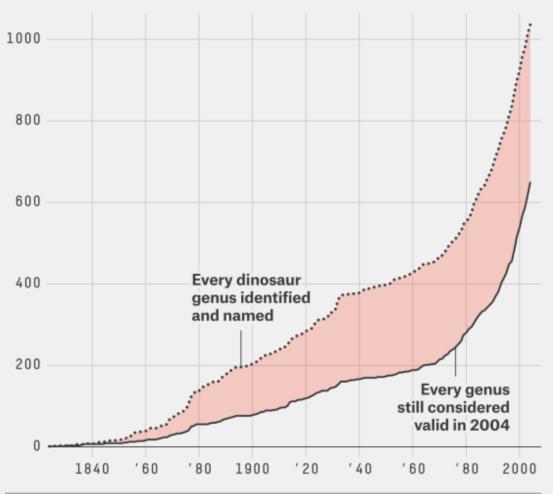
CAN BE THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN A CHART AND A STORY



ANN K. EMERY 2016

Dinosaurs named, then unnamed

By 2004, about 37 percent of every dinosaur genus ever identified and named had had its genus status revoked



The Recovery The Big Apple Is Recovering Its Shine Job creation in New York City has been running at almost triple the national rate in 2010. The biggest gains June unemployment have been in the retail, health, and foodservice industries. Real estate is starting to rebound, though both commercial and residential sales are way off their 2007 peaks. -Matt Robinson Staten Island Industries with biggest job losses in 2010 Manhattan Residential Property Sales 100 - Units sold Manhattan Commercial Property Sales ■ Volume (in billions of dollars)

DATA: BABTERN CONSCLIDATED, PROPERTYSHARK, COSTAR, NEW YORK CITY FINANCE DEPT.;
PRUDENTIAL DOUGLAS ELLIMAN REPORT PREPARED BY MILLER SAMUEL; NEW YORK LABOR DEPT.

WEAVE TEXT INTO THE GRAPHIC, NOT JUST AT THE BEGINNING.

TEXT AND GRAPHICS WORK BETTER TOGETHER THAN APART.

CONNECT THE TEXT TO RELEVANT GRAPHICS

ISOLATED

"SEE FIG. 5"

this work economical, visualizations nat are either persistent or viral in order ig traffic. Persistent stories cover in that maintain relevance over time conomics, the housing market). Sistent themes "fattens and elongates" is (which are already fatter and longer githis slow-burn, these visualizations of stories over several months and all stories achieve heavy traffic likes of popularity. These stories tend alities, or sensational news. To get the evisualizations for editorial content.



The Endorsement Primary

In presidential primaries, endorsements have been among the best predictors of which candidates will succeed and which will fail. So we're keeping track.

By AARON BYCOFFE

UPDATED 11:27 A.M. EST | MAR 3

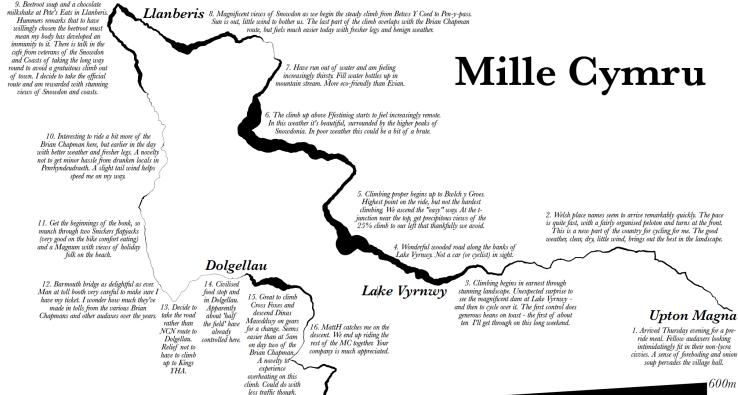


CANDIDATE	1 POINT EACH	SENATORS 5 POINTS EACH	GOVERNORS 10 POINTS EACH	TOTAL POINTS
Marco Rubio		•••••••	*****	1 68
Ted Cruz			•	• 34
John Kasich			•	• 31
Donald Trump	***	*	••	• 29
CANDIDATE	REPRESENTATIVES 1 POINT EACH	SENATORS 5 POINTS EACH	GOVERNORS 10 POINTS EACH	TOTAL POINTS
Hillary Clinton			**********	478
Bernie Sanders				. 5

 ${f B}$ efore any votes are cast, presidential candidates compete for the support of influential members of their party, especially elected officials like U.S. representatives, senators and governors. During the period

REMOVE DETAIL

TO CREATE
SPACE
FOR THE
STORY.



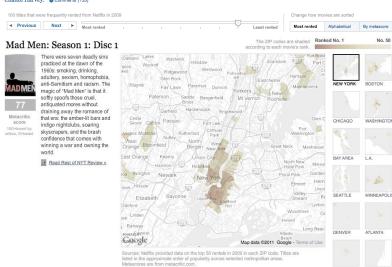
0

25km

50

A Peek Into Netflix Queues

Examine Netflix rental patterns, neighborhood by neighborhood, in a dozen cities. Some titles with distinct patterns are Mad Men, Obsessed and Last Chance Harvey. © Comments (135)



START WITH AN INTERESTING VIEW.

CURATE THE EXPERIENCE FROM THE BEGINNING.

Wetlands Destruction

MAKE DATA RELATABLE & PUT NUMBERS AND FACTS IN CONTEXT.

260 THOUSAND SQUARE MILES? "IT'S THE SIZE OF FRANCE!"

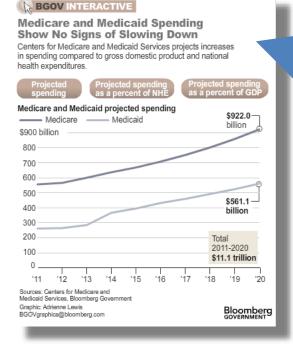


Coastal marshes absorb fertilizer runoff from farms and buffer civilization from Gulf storms. Losses in coastal watersheds, 1998 to 2004

Great Lakes	20,000	acres
Atlantic	110,000	acres

MIND YOUR PRECISION.

SIGNIFICANT DIGITS, TICK MARKS, AND LABELS SUGGEST WHAT DESERVES ATTENTION.

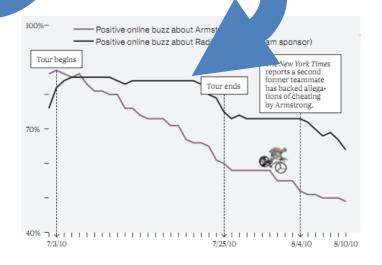


Representative	District	Fiscal 2010 contract spending	
Mike Coffman	Colo. 6	\$3.26 billion	1
Doug Lamborn	Colo. 5	2.98 billion	ı
Rob Bishop	Utah 1	2.76 billion	4
Kenny Marchant	Texas 24	2.58 billion	П
Jeff Duncan	S.C. 3	2.40 billion	ı
Sandy Adams	Fla. 24	2.36 billion	П
Lamar Smith	Texas 21	1.65 billion	П
Steve Scalise	La. 1	1.49 billion	ı
Jeff Landry	La. 3	1.47 billion	ı
Roscoe Bartlett	Md. 6	1 billion	ı
John Carter	Texas 31	illion	-

TOO PRECISE

THOUGHTFUL



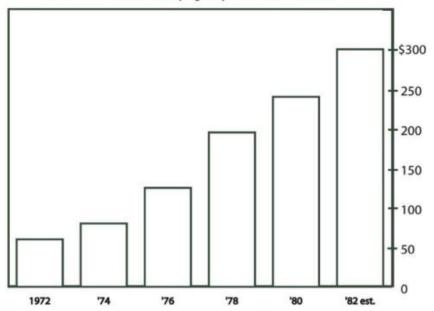


USE EMBELLISHMENTS SPARINGLY & CAREFULLY.

STYLISED VISUALS CAN BE ENGAGING BUT ARE HARD



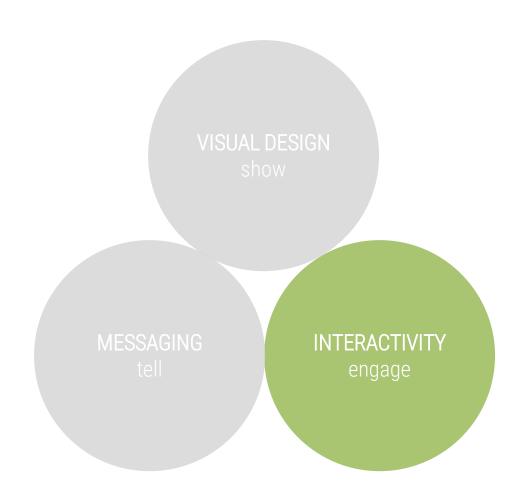
MONSTROUS COSTS Total House and Senate campaign expenditures, in millions



NIGEL HOLMES



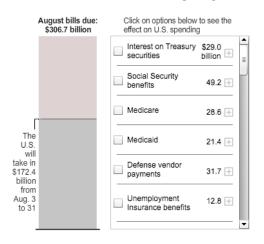
IT'S IMPORTANT TO REALLY UNDERSTAND THE RULES OF GOOD VISUAL COMMUNICATION BEFORE YOU TRY TO BREAK THEM.



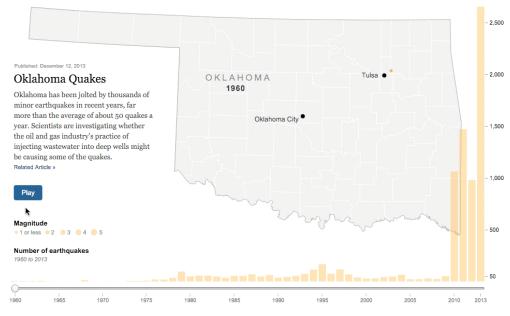
INTERACTIVE FEATURES SHOULD SUGGEST INTERACTIVITY.

AVOID A CLICK-AND-SEEK EXPERIENCE.

FAMILIAR WIDGETS



VISUAL FFFDBACK ON PAGE LOAD OR PLAY



By JONATHAN CORUM

INCLUDE EASY WAYS TO GO BACK / RESET

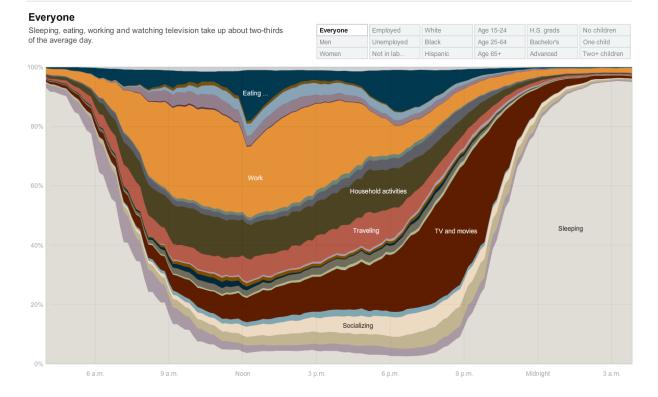
LINEAR NAVIGATION CAN SIMPLIFY THIS.

RESTRICT INTERACTION TO KEY DIMENSIONS.

THE MORE INTERACTIVITY, THE LESS STORY.

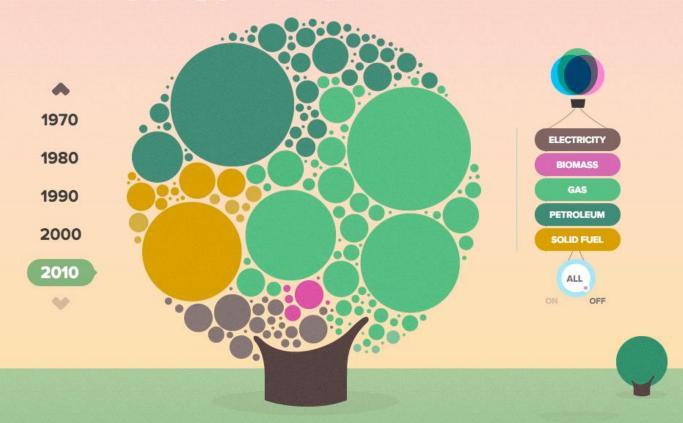
How Different Groups Spend Their Day

The American Time Use Survey asks thousands of American residents to recall every minute of a day. Here is how people over age 15 spent their time in 2008. Related article



USE MOTION & OTHER CUES TO SUGGEST INTERACTION

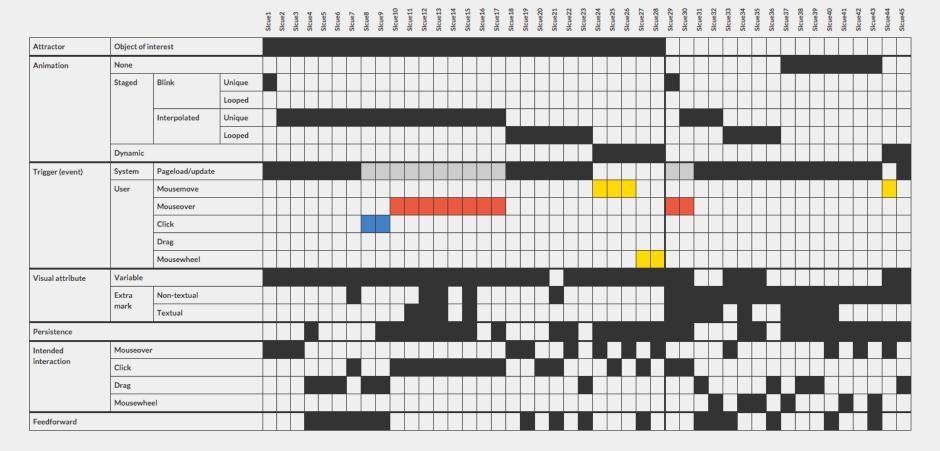
TOTAL PRIMARY ENERGY BY FUEL



TOTAL FINAL ENERGY BY FUEL

Final energy is energy supplied that is available to the consumer to be converted into useful energy (e.g. electricity at the wall outlet).

Suggested Interactivity



JEREMY BOY ET AL. 2015
LOTS OF INTERACTIVE EXAMPLES AT http://peopleviz.gforge.inria.fr/trunk/Sl_cues/

"SCROLLJACKING"

HIJACKING IN-BROWSER SCROLLING TO ADVANCE A LINEAR NARRATIVE.

SMOOTH AND LINEAR
EASY FORWARD/BACK
MORE BROWSABLE THAN VIDEO
CROSS-PLATFORM
CAN BREAK THE SCROLLBAR

FINANCIAL TIMES

Djokovic's 2015 was the greatest ever men's tennis season



John Burn-Murdoch . January 27, 2016



If Novak Djokovic wins the Australian Open title this weekend, he will in doing so extend the most impressive streak ever in men's tennis.

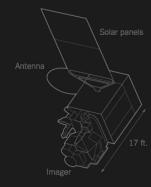
When the current world number one won the Qatar Open earlier this month, it marked the 16th consecutive tournament he had entered in which he reached the final -- a run stretching back exactly one year to a quarter-final defeat at the same event.

CLICKING IS A DECISION SCROLLING IS A CONTINUATION

Japan's New Satellite Captures an Image of Earth Every 10 Minutes

By DEREK WATKINS JULY 10, 2015

A sense of perspective is unavoidable from 22,000 miles out. Looking down at Earth from that distance — almost three times farther than the diameter of the planet itself — allows a view of the globe as a massive organic system, pulsing with continuous movement. Below, images from the Himawari-8 weather satellite's first official day paint a living portrait of the western Pacific, with Typhoons Chan-hom and Nangka spinning slowly westward.





Hotter

+2°F -

1880-1910 Average

-2°F ☐

What's Really Warming the World?

By Eric Roston 💆 and Blacki Migliozzi 💆 | June 24, 2015

Skeptics of manmade climate change offer various natural causes to explain why the Earth has warmed 1.4 degrees Fahrenheit since 1880. But can these account for the planet's rising temperature? Scroll down to see show how much different factors, both natural and industrial, contribute to global warming, based on findings from NASA's Goddard Institute for Space Studies.



Scroll Events

Detecting The Scroll

"Data journalism is not graphics and visualizations. It's about telling the story in the best way possible. Sometimes that will be a visualization ...But sometimes it's a news story. Sometimes, just publishing the number is enough."

SIMON ROGERS, THE GUARDIAN // 2011

"I think people have begun to forget how powerful human stories are, exchanging their sense of empathy for a fetishistic fascination with data... The human stuff is the main stuff, and the data should enrich it."

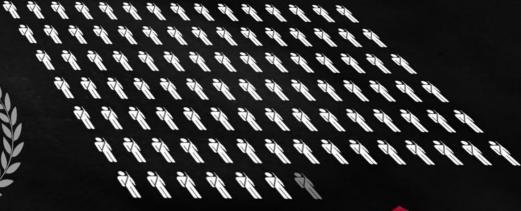
JONATHAN HARRIS // 2008







\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$







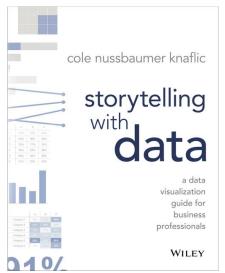


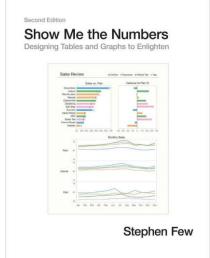
QUESTIONS?

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Slides in were inspired and adapted from

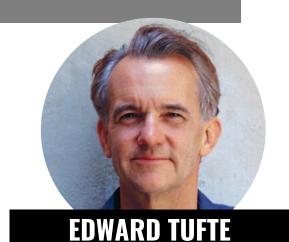
- slides by Wesley Willett (University of Calgary)
- content of the books on the right





RECAP

- MAXIMIZE THE DATA-INK RATIO
- AVOID CHART JUNK (SOMETIMES)
- LAYER INFORMATION
- MAXIMIZE THE DATA DENSITY
 - SHRINK THE GRAPHICS
 - MAXIMIZE THE AMOUNT OF DATA SHOWN (SOMETIMES)



DESIGN PRINCIPLES

MANY MORE EXIST...

